

$$I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$$

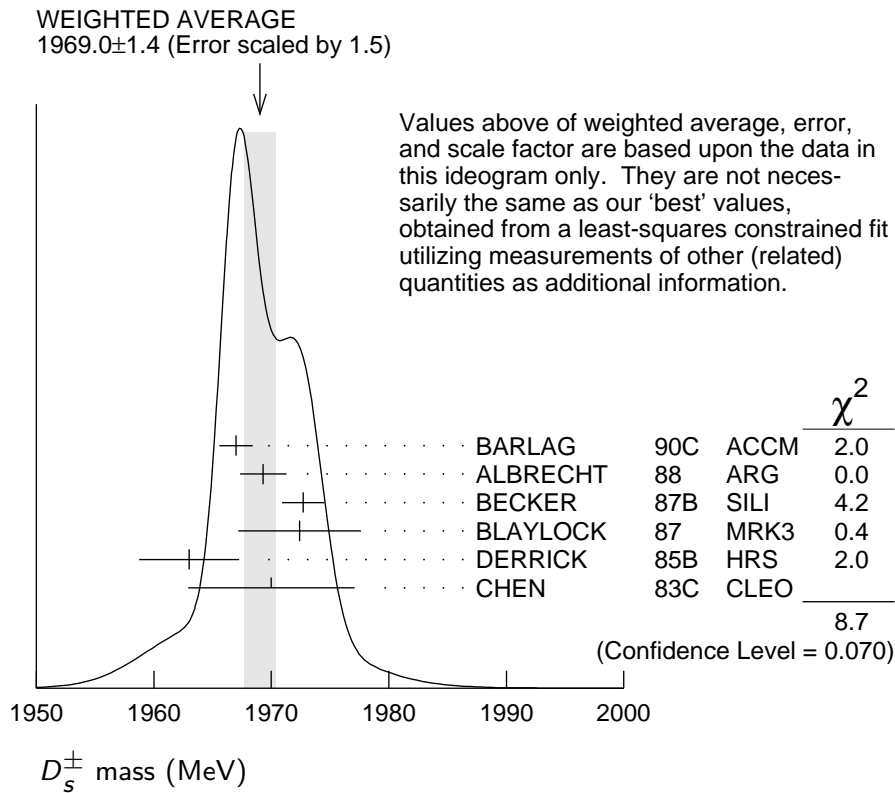
The angular distributions of the decays of the  $\phi$  and  $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$  in the  $\phi\pi^+$  and  $K^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0$  modes strongly indicate that the spin is zero. The parity given is that expected of a  $c\bar{s}$  ground state.

## $D_s^\pm$ MASS

The fit includes  $D^\pm$ ,  $D^0$ ,  $D_s^\pm$ ,  $D^{*\pm}$ ,  $D^{*0}$ ,  $D_s^{*\pm}$ ,  $D_1(2420)^0$ ,  $D_2^*(2460)^0$ , and  $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$  mass and mass difference measurements. Measurements of the  $D_s^\pm$  mass with an error greater than 10 MeV are omitted from the fit and average. A number of early measurements have been omitted altogether.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1968.34 ± 0.07 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>1969.0 ± 1.4 OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.		
1967.0 ± 1.0 ± 1.0	54	BARLAG	90C	ACCM $\pi^-$ Cu 230 GeV
1969.3 ± 1.4 ± 1.4		ALBRECHT	88	ARG $e^+e^-$ 9.4–10.6 GeV
1972.7 ± 1.5 ± 1.0	21	BECKER	87B	SILI 200 GeV $\pi, K, p$
1972.4 ± 3.7 ± 3.7	27	BLAYLOCK	87	MRK3 $e^+e^-$ 4.14 GeV
1963 ± 3 ± 3	30	DERRICK	85B	HRS $e^+e^-$ 29 GeV
1970 ± 5 ± 5	104	CHEN	83C	CLEO $e^+e^-$ 10.5 GeV
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
1968.3 ± 0.7 ± 0.7	290	<sup>1</sup> ANJOS	88	E691 Photoproduction
1980 ± 15	6	USHIDA	86	EMUL $\nu$ wideband
1973.6 ± 2.6 ± 3.0	163	ALBRECHT	85D	ARG $e^+e^-$ 10 GeV
1948 ± 28 ± 10	65	AIHARA	84D	TPC $e^+e^-$ 29 GeV
1975 ± 9 ± 10	49	ALTHOFF	84	TASS $e^+e^-$ 14–25 GeV
1975 ± 4	3	BAILEY	84	ACCM hadron <sup>+</sup> Be → $\phi\pi^+X$

<sup>1</sup> ANJOS 88 enters the fit via  $m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm}$  (see below).



### $m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm}$

The fit includes  $D^\pm$ ,  $D^0$ ,  $D_s^\pm$ ,  $D^{*\pm}$ ,  $D^{*0}$ ,  $D_s^{*\pm}$ ,  $D_1(2420)^0$ ,  $D_2^*(2460)^0$ , and  $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$  mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>98.69±0.05 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>98.69±0.05 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
98.68±0.03±0.04		AAIJ	13V	LHCB $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$
99.41±0.38±0.21		ACOSTA	03D	CDF2 $\bar{p}p$ , $\sqrt{s}=1.96$ TeV
98.4 ±0.1 ±0.3	48k	AUBERT	02G	BABR $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
99.5 ±0.6 ±0.3		BROWN	94	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
98.5 ±1.5	555	CHEN	89	CLEO $e^+e^-$ 10.5 GeV
99.0 ±0.8	290	ANJOS	88	E691 Photoproduction

### $D_s^\pm$ MEAN LIFE

Measurements with an error greater than  $100 \times 10^{-15}$  s or with fewer than 100 events have been omitted from the Listings.

VALUE ( $10^{-15}$ s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>504 ± 4 OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
506.4± 3.0± 1.7±1.7		<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	17AN	LHCB $pp$ at 7, 8 TeV
507.4± 5.5± 5.1	13.6k	LINK	05J	FOCS $\phi \pi^+$ and $\bar{K}^{*0} K^+$
472.5±17.2± 6.6	760	IORI	01	SELX 600 GeV $\Sigma^-, \pi^-, p$

518 ±14 ± 7	1662	AITALA	99	E791	$\pi^-$ nucleus, 500 GeV
486.3±15.0 <sup>+</sup> <sub>5.1</sub>	2167	<sup>2</sup> BONVICINI	99	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \mathcal{R}(4S)$
475 ±20 ± 7	900	FRABETTI	93F	E687	$\gamma$ Be, $\phi\pi^+$
500 ±60 ±30	104	FRABETTI	90	E687	$\gamma$ Be, $\phi\pi^+$
470 ±40 ±20	228	RAAB	88	E691	Photoproduction

<sup>1</sup>This AAIJ 17AN value is derived from the difference between the  $D_S^-$  and  $D^-$  widths.

The 3rd uncertainty,  $\pm 1.7 \times 10^{-15}$  s, arises from the uncertainty of the  $D^-$  width.

<sup>2</sup>BONVICINI 99 obtains  $1.19 \pm 0.04$  for the ratio of  $D_S^+$  to  $D^0$  lifetimes.

## $D_S^+$ DECAY MODES

Unless otherwise noted, the branching fractions for modes with a resonance in the final state include all the decay modes of the resonance.  $D_S^-$  modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level
<b>Inclusive modes</b>		
$\Gamma_1$ $e^+$ semileptonic	[a] ( 6.5 ±0.4 ) %	
$\Gamma_2$ $\pi^+$ anything	(119.3 ±1.4 ) %	
$\Gamma_3$ $\pi^-$ anything	( 43.2 ±0.9 ) %	
$\Gamma_4$ $\pi^0$ anything	(123 ±7 ) %	
$\Gamma_5$ $K^-$ anything	( 18.7 ±0.5 ) %	
$\Gamma_6$ $K^+$ anything	( 28.9 ±0.7 ) %	
$\Gamma_7$ $K_S^0$ anything	( 19.0 ±1.1 ) %	
$\Gamma_8$ $\eta$ anything	[b] ( 29.9 ±2.8 ) %	
$\Gamma_9$ $\omega$ anything	( 6.1 ±1.4 ) %	
$\Gamma_{10}$ $\eta'$ anything	[c] ( 10.3 ±1.4 ) %	S=1.1
$\Gamma_{11}$ $f_0(980)$ anything, $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	< 1.3 %	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{12}$ $\phi$ anything	( 15.7 ±1.0 ) %	
$\Gamma_{13}$ $K^+K^-$ anything	( 15.8 ±0.7 ) %	
$\Gamma_{14}$ $K_S^0K^+$ anything	( 5.8 ±0.5 ) %	
$\Gamma_{15}$ $K_S^0K^-$ anything	( 1.9 ±0.4 ) %	
$\Gamma_{16}$ $2K_S^0$ anything	( 1.70±0.32 ) %	
$\Gamma_{17}$ $2K^+$ anything	< 2.6 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{18}$ $2K^-$ anything	< 6 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
<b>Leptonic and semileptonic modes</b>		
$\Gamma_{19}$ $e^+\nu_e$	< 8.3 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{20}$ $\mu^+\nu_\mu$	( 5.50±0.23 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{21}$ $\tau^+\nu_\tau$	( 5.48±0.23 ) %	
$\Gamma_{22}$ $K^+K^-e^+\nu_e$	—	
$\Gamma_{23}$ $\phi e^+\nu_e$	[d] ( 2.39±0.16 ) %	S=1.3
$\Gamma_{24}$ $\phi\mu^+\nu_\mu$	( 1.9 ±0.5 ) %	
$\Gamma_{25}$ $\eta e^+\nu_e + \eta'(958)e^+\nu_e$	[d] ( 3.03±0.24 ) %	

$\Gamma_{26}$	$\eta e^+ \nu_e$	[d]	( 2.29 ± 0.19 ) %	
$\Gamma_{27}$	$\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[d]	( 7.4 ± 1.4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{28}$	$\eta \mu^+ \nu_\mu$		( 2.4 ± 0.5 ) %	
$\Gamma_{29}$	$\eta'(958) \mu^+ \nu_\mu$		( 1.1 ± 0.5 ) %	
$\Gamma_{30}$	$\omega e^+ \nu_e$	[e]	< 2.0 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{31}$	$K^0 e^+ \nu_e$		( 3.9 ± 0.9 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{32}$	$K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$	[d]	( 1.8 ± 0.4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{33}$	$f_0(980) e^+ \nu_e, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$			

### Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair

$\Gamma_{34}$	$K^+ K_S^0$		( 1.50 ± 0.05 ) %	
$\Gamma_{35}$	$K^+ \bar{K}^0$		( 2.95 ± 0.14 ) %	
$\Gamma_{36}$	$K^+ K^- \pi^+$	[f]	( 5.45 ± 0.17 ) %	S=1.2
$\Gamma_{37}$	$\phi \pi^+$	[d,g]	( 4.5 ± 0.4 ) %	
$\Gamma_{38}$	$\phi \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	[g]	( 2.27 ± 0.08 ) %	
$\Gamma_{39}$	$K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow$ $K^- \pi^+$		( 2.61 ± 0.09 ) %	
$\Gamma_{40}$	$f_0(980) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$		( 1.15 ± 0.32 ) %	
$\Gamma_{41}$	$f_0(1370) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$		( 7 ± 5 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_{42}$	$f_0(1710) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$		( 6.7 ± 2.9 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_{43}$	$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^{*0} \rightarrow$ $K^- \pi^+$		( 1.9 ± 0.4 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{44}$	$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0$		( 1.52 ± 0.22 ) %	
$\Gamma_{45}$	$2K_S^0 \pi^+$		( 7.7 ± 0.6 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{46}$	$K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$		—	
$\Gamma_{47}$	$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[d]	( 5.4 ± 1.2 ) %	
$\Gamma_{48}$	$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$		( 6.3 ± 0.6 ) %	
$\Gamma_{49}$	$\phi \rho^+$	[d]	( 8.4 <sup>+1.9</sup> <sub>-2.3</sub> ) %	
$\Gamma_{50}$	$K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+$		( 1.68 ± 0.10 ) %	
$\Gamma_{51}$	$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[d]	( 7.2 ± 2.6 ) %	
$\Gamma_{52}$	$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$		( 1.00 ± 0.08 ) %	
$\Gamma_{53}$	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$		( 8.7 ± 1.5 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{54}$	$\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[d]	( 1.21 ± 0.16 ) %	
$\Gamma_{55}$	$K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi$	<	2.6 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{56}$	$\phi \rho^0 \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$		( 6.5 ± 1.3 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{57}$	$\phi a_1(1260)^+, \phi \rightarrow$ $K^+ K^-, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+$		( 7.5 ± 1.2 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{58}$	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant}$		( 9 ± 7 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_{59}$	$2K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$		( 9 ± 4 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	

### Hadronic modes without $K$ 's

Γ <sub>60</sub>	$\pi^+\pi^0$	< 3.5	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ <sub>61</sub>	$2\pi^+\pi^-$	( 1.09±0.05 ) %		S=1.1
Γ <sub>62</sub>	$\rho^0\pi^+$	( 2.0 ±1.2 )	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ <sub>63</sub>	$\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S\text{-wave}}$	[h] ( 9.1 ±0.4 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>64</sub>	$f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$			
Γ <sub>65</sub>	$f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$			
Γ <sub>66</sub>	$f_0(1500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$			
Γ <sub>67</sub>	$f_2(1270)\pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	( 1.10±0.20 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>68</sub>	$\rho(1450)^0\pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	( 3.0 ±2.0 )	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ <sub>69</sub>	$\pi^+2\pi^0$	( 6.5 ±1.3 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>70</sub>	$2\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	—		
Γ <sub>71</sub>	$\eta\pi^+$	[d] ( 1.70±0.09 ) %		S=1.1
Γ <sub>72</sub>	$\omega\pi^+$	[d] ( 2.4 ±0.6 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>73</sub>	$3\pi^+2\pi^-$	( 8.0 ±0.8 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>74</sub>	$2\pi^+\pi^-2\pi^0$	—		
Γ <sub>75</sub>	$\eta\rho^+$	[d] ( 8.9 ±0.8 ) %		
Γ <sub>76</sub>	$\eta\pi^+\pi^0$	( 9.2 ±1.2 ) %		
Γ <sub>77</sub>	$\omega\pi^+\pi^0$	[d] ( 2.8 ±0.7 ) %		
Γ <sub>78</sub>	$3\pi^+2\pi^-\pi^0$	( 4.9 ±3.2 ) %		
Γ <sub>79</sub>	$\omega2\pi^+\pi^-$	[d] ( 1.6 ±0.5 ) %		
Γ <sub>80</sub>	$\eta'(958)\pi^+$	[c,d] ( 3.94±0.25 ) %		
Γ <sub>81</sub>	$3\pi^+2\pi^-2\pi^0$	—		
Γ <sub>82</sub>	$\omega\eta\pi^+$	[d] < 2.13 %		CL=90%
Γ <sub>83</sub>	$\eta'(958)\rho^+$	[c,d] ( 5.8 ±1.5 ) %		
Γ <sub>84</sub>	$\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0$	( 5.6 ±0.8 ) %		
Γ <sub>85</sub>	$\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0$ nonresonant	< 5.1 %		CL=90%

### Modes with one or three $K$ 's

Γ <sub>86</sub>	$K^+\pi^0$	( 6.3 ±2.1 )	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ <sub>87</sub>	$K_S^0\pi^+$	( 1.22±0.06 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>88</sub>	$K^+\eta$	[d] ( 1.77±0.35 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>89</sub>	$K^+\omega$	[d] < 2.4	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ <sub>90</sub>	$K^+\eta'(958)$	[d] ( 1.8 ±0.6 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>91</sub>	$K^+\pi^+\pi^-$	( 6.6 ±0.4 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>92</sub>	$K^+\rho^0$	( 2.5 ±0.4 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>93</sub>	$K^+\rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$	( 7.0 ±2.4 )	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ <sub>94</sub>	$K^*(892)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$	( 1.42±0.24 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>95</sub>	$K^*(1410)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$ $K^+\pi^-$	( 1.24±0.29 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>96</sub>	$K^*(1430)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$ $K^+\pi^-$	( 5.0 ±3.5 )	$\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ <sub>97</sub>	$K^+\pi^+\pi^-$ nonresonant	( 1.04±0.34 )	$\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ <sub>98</sub>	$K^0\pi^+\pi^0$	( 1.00±0.18 ) %		

$\Gamma_{99}$	$K_S^0 2\pi^+\pi^-$		$( 3.0 \pm 1.1 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{100}$	$K^+\omega\pi^0$	$[d] <$	$8.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{101}$	$K^+\omega\pi^+\pi^-$	$[d] <$	$5.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{102}$	$K^+\omega\eta$	$[d] <$	$7.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{103}$	$2K^+K^-$		$( 2.18 \pm 0.21 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{104}$	$\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$		$( 8.9 \pm 2.0 ) \times 10^{-5}$	

### Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

$\Gamma_{105}$	$2K^+\pi^-$		$( 1.27 \pm 0.13 ) \times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{106}$	$K^+K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-$		$( 6.0 \pm 3.4 ) \times 10^{-5}$	

### Baryon-antibaryon mode

$\Gamma_{107}$	$p\bar{n}$		$( 1.22 \pm 0.11 ) \times 10^{-3}$	
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### $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (C1) modes, Lepton family number (LF), or Lepton number (L) violating modes

$\Gamma_{108}$	$\pi^+e^+e^-$	$[i] <$	$1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{109}$	$\pi^+\phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+e^-$	$[j] ( 6 \begin{smallmatrix} +8 \\ -4 \end{smallmatrix} ) \times$	$10^{-6}$	
$\Gamma_{110}$	$\pi^+\mu^+\mu^-$	$[i] <$	$4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{111}$	$K^+e^+e^-$	C1 <	$3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{112}$	$K^+\mu^+\mu^-$	C1 <	$2.1 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{113}$	$K^*(892)^+\mu^+\mu^-$	C1 <	$1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{114}$	$\pi^+e^+\mu^-$	LF <	$1.2 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{115}$	$\pi^+e^-\mu^+$	LF <	$2.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{116}$	$K^+e^+\mu^-$	LF <	$1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{117}$	$K^+e^-\mu^+$	LF <	$9.7 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{118}$	$\pi^-2e^+$	L <	$4.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{119}$	$\pi^-2\mu^+$	L <	$1.2 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{120}$	$\pi^-e^+\mu^+$	L <	$8.4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{121}$	$K^-2e^+$	L <	$5.2 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{122}$	$K^-2\mu^+$	L <	$1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{123}$	$K^-e^+\mu^+$	L <	$6.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{124}$	$K^*(892)^-2\mu^+$	L <	$1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%

[a] This is the purely  $e^+$  semileptonic branching fraction: the  $e^+$  fraction from  $\tau^+$  decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- $\tau$ )  $e^+$  exclusive fractions — an  $e^+\nu_e$  with an  $\eta, \eta', \phi, K^0$ , or  $K^{*0}$  — is  $5.99 \pm 0.31$  %.

[b] This fraction includes  $\eta$  from  $\eta'$  decays.

[c] The sum of our exclusive  $\eta'$  fractions —  $\eta'e^+\nu_e, \eta'\mu^+\nu_\mu, \eta'\pi^+, \eta'\rho^+$ , and  $\eta'K^+$  — is  $11.8 \pm 1.6$  %.

- [d] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
- [e] A test for  $u\bar{u}$  or  $d\bar{d}$  content in the  $D_s^+$ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and  $\omega$ - $\phi$  mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about  $2 \times 10^{-4}$ .
- [f] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers.
- [g] We decouple the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$  branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ ,  $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$  branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+$ . That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the  $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$  branching fraction 0.491.
- [h] This is the average of a model-independent and a  $K$ -matrix parametrization of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$   $S$ -wave and is a sum over several  $f_0$  mesons.
- [i] This mode is not a useful test for a  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.
- [j] This is *not* a test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current, but leads to the  $\pi^+\ell^+\ell^-$  final state.

### CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 13 branching ratios uses 16 measurements and one constraint to determine 10 parameters. The overall fit has a  $\chi^2 = 4.8$  for 7 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients  $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \delta x_j)$ , in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions,  $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The fit constrains the  $x_i$  whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$x_{36}$	55							
$x_{48}$	15	27						
$x_{50}$	36	33	10					
$x_{52}$	24	26	9	38				
$x_{61}$	36	55	16	21	18			
$x_{71}$	16	0	-3	10	2	-1		
$x_{72}$	2	0	0	1	0	0	11	
$x_{91}$	21	19	3	13	7	10	12	1
	$x_{34}$	$x_{36}$	$x_{48}$	$x_{50}$	$x_{52}$	$x_{61}$	$x_{71}$	$x_{72}$

See the related review(s):

$D_s^+$  Branching Fractions $D_s^+$  BRANCHING RATIOS

A number of older, now obsolete results have been omitted. They may be found in earlier editions.

## Inclusive modes

 $\Gamma(e^+ \text{ semileptonic})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$ 

This is the purely  $e^+$  semileptonic branching fraction: the  $e^+$  fraction from  $\tau^+$  decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- $\tau$ )  $e^+$  exclusive fractions — an  $e^+ \nu_e$  with an  $\eta$ ,  $\eta'$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $K^0$ , or  $K^{*0}$  — is  $5.99 \pm 0.31$  %.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>6.52 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.15</math></b>	$536 \pm 29$	<sup>1</sup> ASNER	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV

<sup>1</sup>Using the  $D_s^+$  and  $D^0$  lifetimes, ASNER 10 finds that the ratio of the  $D_s^+$  and  $D^0$  semileptonic widths is  $0.828 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.025$ .

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_2/\Gamma$ 

Events with two  $\pi^+$ 's count twice, etc. But  $\pi^+$ 's from  $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  are not included.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>119.3 \pm 1.2 \pm 0.7</math></b>	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_3/\Gamma$ 

Events with two  $\pi^-$ 's count twice, etc. But  $\pi^-$ 's from  $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  are not included.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>43.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.3</math></b>	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_4/\Gamma$ 

Events with two  $\pi^0$ 's count twice, etc. But  $\pi^0$ 's from  $K_S^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0$  are not included.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>123.4 \pm 3.8 \pm 5.3</math></b>	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_5/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>18.7 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2</math></b>	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_6/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>28.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3</math></b>	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>19.0 \pm 1.0 \pm 0.4</math></b>	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV



**$\Gamma(\eta \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_8/\Gamma$**

This ratio includes  $\eta$  particles from  $\eta'$  decays.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>29.9±2.2±1.7</b>		DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
23.5±3.1±2.0	674 ± 91	HUANG	06B CLEO	See DOBBS 09

**$\Gamma(\omega \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_9/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>6.1±1.4±0.3</b>	DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

**$\Gamma(\eta' \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>10.3±1.4 OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
8.8±1.8±0.5	68	ABLIKIM	15Z BES3	482 pb <sup>-1</sup> , 4009 MeV
11.7±1.7±0.7		DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
8.7±1.9±0.8	68	HUANG	06B CLEO	See DOBBS 09

**$\Gamma(f_0(980) \text{ anything}, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;1.3</b>	90	DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

**$\Gamma(\phi \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>15.7±0.8±0.6</b>		DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
16.1±1.2±1.1	398 ± 27	HUANG	06B CLEO	See DOBBS 09

**$\Gamma(K^+K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>15.8±0.6±0.3</b>	DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

**$\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>5.8±0.5±0.1</b>	DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

**$\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>1.9±0.4±0.1</b>	DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

**$\Gamma(2K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{16}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>1.7±0.3±0.1</b>	DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

**$\Gamma(2K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$**   **$\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$**

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>&lt;0.26</b>	90	DOBBS	09 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(2K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$
VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<0.06	90	DOBBS	09	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

———— Leptonic and semileptonic modes ————

See the related review(s):

[Leptonic Decays of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons](#)

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<0.83 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	<sup>1</sup> ZUPANC	13	BELL	$e^+e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
<2.3 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR		$e^+e^-$ , 10.58 GeV
<1.2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	ALEXANDER	09	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
<1.3 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	90	PEDLAR	07A	CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<sup>1</sup>ZUPANC 13 also gives the limit as < 1.0 × 10<sup>-4</sup> at 95% CL.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma$
VALUE (units 10 <sup>-3</sup> )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	

See the note on “Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons” above.

<b>5.50 ± 0.23 OUR AVERAGE</b>					
4.95 ± 0.67 ± 0.26	69	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	160	BES3	$e^+e^-$ at 4.009 GeV
5.31 ± 0.28 ± 0.20	492 ± 26	<sup>2</sup> ZUPANC	13	BELL	$e^+e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
6.02 ± 0.38 ± 0.34	275 ± 17	<sup>3</sup> DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR		$e^+e^-$ , 10.58 GeV
5.65 ± 0.45 ± 0.17	235 ± 14	ALEXANDER	09	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
6.44 ± 0.76 ± 0.57	169 ± 18	<sup>4</sup> WIDHALM	08	BELL	See ZUPANC 13
5.94 ± 0.66 ± 0.31	88	<sup>5</sup> PEDLAR	07A	CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09
6.8 ± 1.1 ± 1.8	553	<sup>6</sup> HEISTER	02I	ALEP	Z decays

<sup>1</sup>ABLIKIM 160 value is constrained by the Standard Model ratio of  $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = 9.76$ ; the unconstrained value is  $(0.517 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.021)\%$ . The constrained value is used to obtain the decay constant,  $f_{D_s^+} = (241.0 \pm 16.3 \pm 6.6)$  MeV.

<sup>2</sup>ZUPANC 13 uses both  $\mu^+ \nu$  and  $\tau^+ \nu$  events to get  $f_{D_s} = (255.5 \pm 4.2 \pm 5.1)$  MeV.

<sup>3</sup>DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 10J uses  $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$  and  $\tau^+ \nu_\tau$  events together to get  $f_{D_s} = (258.6 \pm 6.4 \pm 7.5)$  MeV.

<sup>4</sup>WIDHALM 08 gets  $f_{D_s} = (275 \pm 16 \pm 12)$  MeV from the branching fraction.

<sup>5</sup>PEDLAR 07A also fits  $\mu^+$  and  $\tau^+$  events together and gets an effective  $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$  branching fraction of  $(6.38 \pm 0.59 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-3}$

<sup>6</sup>This HEISTER 02I result is not actually an independent measurement of the absolute  $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$  branching fraction, but is in fact based on our  $\phi\pi^+$  branching fraction of  $3.6 \pm 0.9\%$ , so it cannot be included in our overall fit. HEISTER 02I combines its  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau$  and  $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$  branching fractions to get  $f_{D_s} = (285 \pm 19 \pm 40)$  MeV.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma_{37}$

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" above.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.143 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.006$	$489 \pm 55$	<sup>1</sup> AUBERT	07V BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$0.23 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.04$	18	<sup>2</sup> ALEXANDROV	00 BEAT	$\pi^-$ nucleus, 350 GeV
$0.173 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.035$	182	<sup>3</sup> CHADHA	98 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$0.245 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.074$	39	<sup>4</sup> ACOSTA	94 CLE2	See CHADHA 98

<sup>1</sup> AUBERT 07V gets  $f_{D_s^+} = (283 \pm 17 \pm 16)$  MeV, using  $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = (4.71 \pm 0.46)\%$ .

<sup>2</sup> ALEXANDROV 00 uses  $f_D^2/f_{D_s}^2 = 0.82 \pm 0.09$  from a lattice-gauge-theory calculation to get the relative numbers of  $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  and  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  events. The present result leads to  $f_{D_s} = (323 \pm 44 \pm 36)$  MeV.

<sup>3</sup> CHADHA 98 obtains  $f_{D_s} = (280 \pm 19 \pm 28 \pm 34)$  MeV from this measurement, using  $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 0.036 \pm 0.009$ .

<sup>4</sup> ACOSTA 94 obtains  $f_{D_s} = (344 \pm 37 \pm 52 \pm 42)$  MeV from this measurement, using  $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 0.037 \pm 0.009$ .

$\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma$

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" above.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**5.48 ± 0.23 OUR AVERAGE**

$4.83 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.26$	33	<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM	160 BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV
$5.70 \pm 0.21^{+0.31}_{-0.30}$	2.2k	<sup>2</sup> ZUPANC	13 BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$ , $\gamma(5S)$
$4.96 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.57$	$748 \pm 53$	<sup>3</sup> DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau, \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$
$6.42 \pm 0.81 \pm 0.18$	$126 \pm 16$	<sup>4</sup> ALEXANDER	09 CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$
$5.52 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.21$	$155 \pm 17$	<sup>4</sup> NAIK	09A CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$
$5.30 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.22$	$181 \pm 16$	<sup>4</sup> ONYISI	09 CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$6.17 \pm 0.71 \pm 0.34$	102	<sup>5</sup> ECKLUND	08 CLEO	See ONYISI 09
$8.0 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.4$	47	<sup>5</sup> PEDLAR	07A CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09
$5.79 \pm 0.77 \pm 1.84$	881	<sup>6</sup> HEISTER	02I ALEP	Z decays
$7.0 \pm 2.1 \pm 2.0$	22	<sup>7</sup> ABBIENDI	01L OPAL	$D_s^{*+} \rightarrow \gamma D_s^+$ from Z's
$7.4 \pm 2.8 \pm 2.4$	16	<sup>8</sup> ACCIARRI	97F L3	$D_s^{*+} \rightarrow \gamma D_s^+$ from Z's

<sup>1</sup> ABLIKIM 160 value is constrained by the Standard Model ratio of  $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = 9.76$ ; the unconstrained value is  $(3.28 \pm 1.83 \pm 0.37)\%$ .

<sup>2</sup> ZUPANC 13 uses both  $\mu^+ \nu$  and  $\tau^+ \nu$  events to get  $f_{D_s} = (255.5 \pm 4.2 \pm 5.1)$  MeV.

<sup>3</sup> DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 10J (with a small correction; see LEES 15D) uses  $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$  and  $\tau^+ \nu_\tau$  events together to get  $f_{D_s} = (259.9 \pm 6.6 \pm 7.6)$  MeV.

<sup>4</sup> ALEXANDER 09, NAIK 09A, and ONYISI 09 use different  $\tau$  decay modes and are independent. The three papers combined give  $f_{D_s} = (259.7 \pm 7.8 \pm 3.4)$  MeV.

<sup>5</sup> ECKLUND 08 and PEDLAR 07A are independent: ECKLUND 08 uses  $\tau^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau$  events, PEDLAR 07A uses  $\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$  events.

<sup>6</sup> HEISTER 02I combines its  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau$  and  $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$  branching fractions to get  $f_{D_s} = (285 \pm 19 \pm 40)$  MeV.

<sup>7</sup> This ABBIENDI 01L value gives a decay constant  $f_{D_s}$  of  $(286 \pm 44 \pm 41)$  MeV.

<sup>8</sup> The second ACCIARRI 97F error here combines in quadrature systematic (0.016) and normalization (0.018) errors. The branching fraction gives  $f_{D_s} = (309 \pm 58 \pm 33 \pm 38)$  MeV.

**$\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$   $\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma_{20}$**

VALUE                      EVTS                      DOCUMENT ID                      TECN                      COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$10.73 \pm 0.69^{+0.56}_{-0.53}$       2.2k/492      <sup>1</sup> ZUPANC      13      BELL       $e^+ e^-$  at  $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$

$11.0 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.6$       102      <sup>2</sup> ECKLUND      08      CLEO      See ONYISI 09

<sup>1</sup> This ZUPANC 13 ratio is not independent of the separate  $\tau\nu$  and  $\mu\nu$  fractions listed above.

<sup>2</sup> This ECKLUND 08 value also uses results from PEDLAR 07A, and it is not independent of other results in these Listings. Combined with earlier CLEO results, the decay constant  $f_{D_s}$  is  $274 \pm 10 \pm 5$  MeV.

**$\Gamma(K^+ K^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma_{36}$**

VALUE                                      DOCUMENT ID                      TECN                      COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.558 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.016$                       <sup>1</sup> AUBERT                      08AN BABR       $e^+ e^-$  at  $\Upsilon(4S)$

<sup>1</sup> This AUBERT 08AN ratio is only for the  $K^+ K^-$  mass in the range 1.01–to–1.03 GeV in the numerator and 1.0095–to–1.0295 GeV in the denominator.

**$\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$**

See the end of the  $D_s^+$  Listings for measurements of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi e^+ \nu_e$  form factors. Unseen decay modes of the  $\phi$  are included.

VALUE (%)                      EVTS                      DOCUMENT ID                      TECN                      COMMENT

**2.39 ± 0.16 OUR AVERAGE**      Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.

$2.26 \pm 0.45 \pm 0.09$                       26                      ABLIKIM                      18A      BES3       $e^+ e^-$  at 4.009 GeV

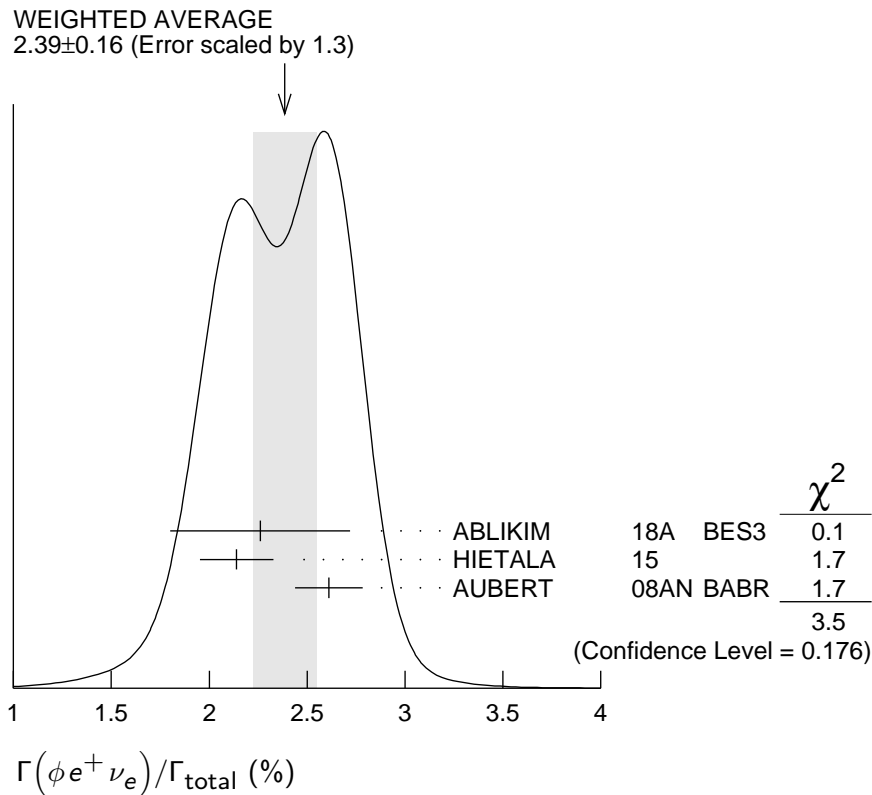
$2.14 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.08$                       207                      HIETALA                      15                      Uses CLEO data

$2.61 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.17$                       25k                      AUBERT                      08AN BABR       $e^+ e^-$  at  $\Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$2.36 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.13$                       106                      ECKLUND                      09      CLEO      See HIETALA 15

$2.29 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.11$                       45                      YELTON                      09      CLEO      See ECKLUND 09



### $\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$

$\Gamma_{23} / \Gamma_{37}$

As noted in the comment column, most of these measurements use  $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  events in addition to or instead of  $\phi e^+ \nu_e$  events.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$0.540 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.048$	793	LINK	02J	FOCS Uses $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.54 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.04$	367	BUTLER	94	CLE2 Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ and $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.58 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.07$	97	FRABETTI	93G	E687 Uses $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.57 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.15$	104	ALBRECHT	91	ARG Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$0.49 \pm 0.10 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.10 \\ -0.14 \end{smallmatrix}$	54	ALEXANDER	90B	CLEO Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ and $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

### $\Gamma(\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{24} / \Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.94 \pm 0.53 \pm 0.09</math></b>	22	ABLIKIM	18A	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV

### $\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{26} / \Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>2.29 \pm 0.19</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$2.30 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.08$	63	ABLIKIM	16T	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV
$2.28 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.19$	358	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$2.48 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.13$	82	YELTON	09	CLEO See HIETALA 15

$\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$   $\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma_{23}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  and the  $\phi$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.24±0.12±0.15      440      <sup>1</sup> BRANDENB... 95    CLE2    See HIETALA 15

<sup>1</sup> BRANDENBURG 95 uses both  $e^+$  and  $\mu^+$  events and makes a phase-space adjustment to use the  $\mu^+$  events as  $e^+$  events.

$\Gamma(\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta'(958)$  are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**0.74±0.14 OUR AVERAGE**

0.93±0.30±0.05      14      ABLIKIM      16T    BES3     $e^+ e^-$  at 4170 MeV

0.68±0.15±0.06      20      HIETALA      15      Uses CLEO data

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.91±0.33±0.05      7.5      YELTON      09    CLEO    See HIETALA 15

$\Gamma(\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$   $\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma_{23}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.43±0.11±0.07      29      <sup>1</sup> BRANDENB... 95    CLE2    See HIETALA 15

<sup>1</sup> BRANDENBURG 95 uses both  $e^+$  and  $\mu^+$  events and makes a phase-space adjustment to use the  $\mu^+$  events as  $e^+$  events.

$[\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e) + \Gamma(\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e)]/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$   $\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma_{23} = (\Gamma_{26} + \Gamma_{27})/\Gamma_{23}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.67±0.17±0.17      <sup>1</sup> BRANDENB... 95    CLE2    See HIETALA 15

<sup>1</sup> This BRANDENBURG 95 data is redundant with data in previous blocks.

$\Gamma(\eta \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**2.42±0.46±0.11**      44      ABLIKIM      18A    BES3     $e^+ e^-$  at 4.009 GeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958) \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**1.06±0.54±0.07**      10      ABLIKIM      18A    BES3     $e^+ e^-$  at 4.009 GeV

$\Gamma(\omega e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{30}/\Gamma$

A test for  $u\bar{u}$  or  $d\bar{d}$  content in the  $D_s^+$ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and  $\omega - \phi$  mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about  $2 \times 10^{-4}$ .

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**<0.20**      90      MARTIN      11    CLEO     $e^+ e^-$  at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{31}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.39±0.08±0.03</b>	42	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.37±0.10±0.02	14	YELTON	09	CLEO See HIETALA 15

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma$ Unseen decay modes of the  $K^*(892)^0$  are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.18±0.04±0.01</b>	32	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.18±0.07±0.01	7.5	YELTON	09	CLEO See HIETALA 15

 $\Gamma(f_0(980) e^+ \nu_e, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{33}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.13±0.03±0.01	42	<sup>1</sup> HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data
0.20±0.03±0.01	44	ECKLUND	09	CLEO See HIETALA 15
0.13±0.04±0.01	13	YELTON	09	CLEO See ECKLUND 09

<sup>1</sup> HIETALA 15 uses a tighter cut on the reconstructed  $\pi^+ \pi^-$  mass ( $\pm 60$  MeV around the  $f_0$ ) than ECKLUND 09. It finds that applying the same tight cut to both analyses gives consistent results.

————— Hadronic modes with a  $K\bar{K}$  pair —————

 $\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{34}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.50±0.05 OUR FIT</b>			
<b>1.52±0.05±0.03</b>	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
1.49±0.07±0.05	<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See ONYISI 13
<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.			

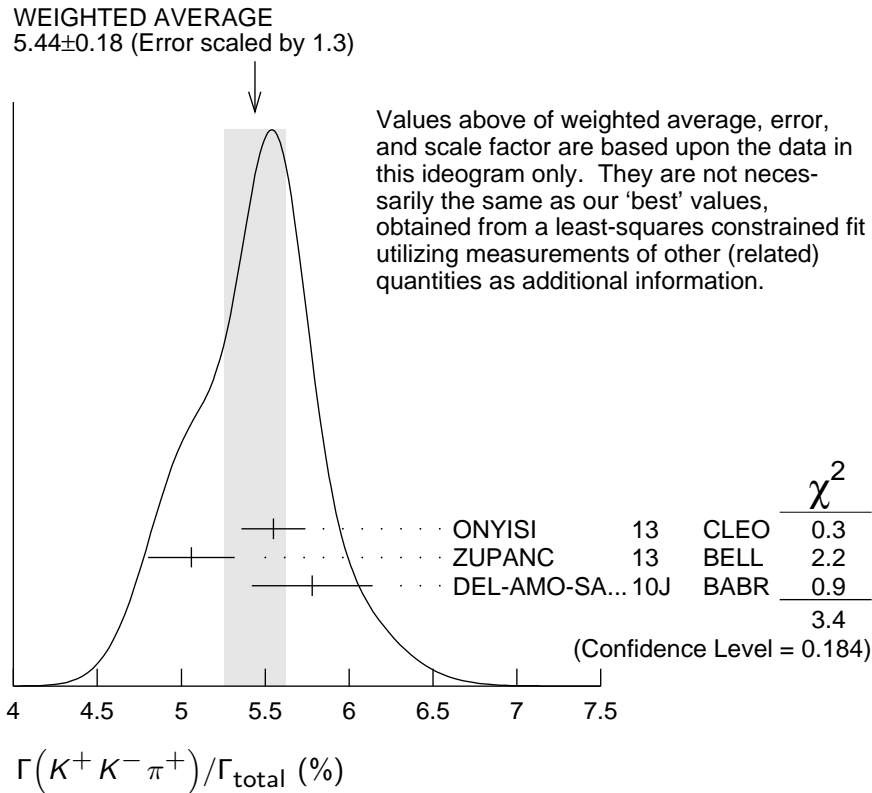
 $\Gamma(K^+ \bar{K}^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{35}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.95±0.11±0.09</b>	2.0k	<sup>1</sup> ZUPANC	13	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
<sup>1</sup> ZUPANC 13 finds the $\bar{K}^0$ from its missing-mass squared, not from $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ .				
The DCS ( $D_S^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^0$ ) contribution to this fraction is estimated to be an order of magnitude below the statistical uncertainty.				

 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{36}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>5.45±0.17 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
<b>5.44±0.18 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.			
5.55±0.14±0.13		ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
5.06±0.15±0.21	4.1k	ZUPANC	13	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
5.78±0.20±0.30		DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^+ e^-$ , 10.58 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
5.50±0.23±0.16		<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See ONYISI 13

<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.



### $\Gamma(\phi\pi^+) / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_{37} / \Gamma$

The results here are model-independent. For earlier, model-dependent results, see our PDG 06 edition. We decouple the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$  branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ ,  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ . That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction 0.491.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>4.5 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
4.62 ± 0.36 ± 0.51		<sup>1</sup> AUBERT	06N BABR	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
4.81 ± 0.52 ± 0.38	212 ± 19	<sup>2</sup> AUBERT	05V BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
3.59 ± 0.77 ± 0.48		<sup>3</sup> ARTUSO	96 CLE2	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
3.9 <sup>+5.1</sup> <sub>-1.9</sub> <sup>+1.8</sup> <sub>-1.1</sub>		<sup>4</sup> BAI	95C BES	$e^+ e^-$ 4.03 GeV

<sup>1</sup> This AUBERT 06N measurement uses  $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} D^{(*)+}$  and  $B^- \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} D^{(*)0}$  decays, including some from other papers. However, the result is independent of AUBERT 05V.

<sup>2</sup> AUBERT 05V uses the ratio of  $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} D_s^{*+}$  events seen in two different ways, in both of which the  $D^{*-} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi^-$  decay is fully reconstructed: (1) The  $D_s^{*+} \rightarrow D_s^+ \gamma$ ,  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$  decay is fully reconstructed. (2) The number of events in the  $D_s^+$  peak in the missing mass spectrum against the  $D^{*-} \gamma$  is measured.



<sup>3</sup> ARTUSO 96 uses partially reconstructed  $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D^{*+} D_s^{*-}$  decays to get a model-independent value for  $\Gamma(D_s^- \rightarrow \phi \pi^-)/\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)$  of  $0.92 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.11$ .

<sup>4</sup> BAI 95C uses  $e^+ e^- \rightarrow D_s^+ D_s^-$  events in which one or both of the  $D_s^\pm$  are observed to obtain the first model-independent measurement of the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$  branching fraction, without assumptions about  $\sigma(D_s^\pm)$ . However, with only two “doubly-tagged” events, the statistical error is very large.

### $\Gamma(\phi \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{38}/\Gamma_{36}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. We decouple the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+$  branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$ . That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the  $\phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$  branching fraction 0.491.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>41.6±0.8 OUR AVERAGE</b>			
41.4±0.8±0.5	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
42.2±1.6±0.3	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
39.6±3.3±4.7	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

### $\Gamma(K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{39}/\Gamma_{36}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>47.8±0.6 OUR AVERAGE</b>			
47.9±0.5±0.5	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
47.4±1.5±0.4	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
47.8±4.6±4.0	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

### $\Gamma(f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{40}/\Gamma_{36}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>21 ±6 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 3.5.		
16.4±0.7±2.0	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
28.2±1.9±1.8	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
11.0±3.5±2.6	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

### $\Gamma(f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ $\Gamma_{41}/\Gamma_{36}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>1.3±0.8 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 3.9.		
1.1±0.1±0.2	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
4.3±0.6±0.5	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts

$\Gamma(f_0(1710)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{42}/\Gamma_{36}$ 

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.2 \pm 0.5</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 3.8.		
$1.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.1$	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, $96k \pm 369$ evts
$3.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$3.4 \pm 2.3 \pm 3.5$	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

 $\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{43}/\Gamma_{36}$ 

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>3.4 \pm 0.7</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
$2.4 \pm 0.3 \pm 1.0$	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, $96k \pm 369$ evts
$3.9 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$9.3 \pm 3.2 \pm 3.2$	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

 $\Gamma(K^+K_S^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{44}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.52 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.20</math></b>	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $\Gamma(2K_S^0\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{45}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.77 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.03</math></b>	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^+\bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{47}/\Gamma_{37}$ 

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.20 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.13</math></b>	CHEN 89	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ 10 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{48}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>6.3 \pm 0.6</math> OUR FIT</b>			
<b><math>6.37 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.56</math></b>	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$5.65 \pm 0.29 \pm 0.40$	<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.			

 $\Gamma(\phi\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{49}/\Gamma_{37}$ 

VALUE	EVTs	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.86 \pm 0.26</math></b>	253	AVERY 92	CLE2	$e^+e^- \simeq 10.5$ GeV
<b><math>-0.40</math></b>				

 $\Gamma(K_S^0K^-2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{50}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.68 \pm 0.10</math> OUR FIT</b>			
<b><math>1.69 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.08</math></b>	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$1.64 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.07$	<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.			

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{51}/\Gamma_{37}$ 

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.6±0.4±0.4</b>	ALBRECHT	92B	ARG $e^+e^- \simeq 10.4$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{52}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.00±0.08 OUR FIT</b>			
<b>1.03±0.06±0.08</b>	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0K^-2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{52}/\Gamma_{50}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.60 ±0.05 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.586±0.052±0.043</b>	476	LINK	01C	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+K^-2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{53}/\Gamma_{36}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.160±0.027 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.150±0.019±0.025	240	LINK	03D	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.188±0.036±0.040	75	FRABETTI	97C	E687 $\gamma$ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\phi 2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{54}/\Gamma_{37}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.269±0.027 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.249±0.024±0.021	136	LINK	03D	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.28 ±0.06 ±0.01	40	FRABETTI	97C	E687 $\gamma$ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV
0.58 ±0.21 ±0.10	21	FRABETTI	92	E687 $\gamma$ Be
0.42 ±0.13 ±0.07	19	ANJOS	88	E691 Photoproduction
1.11 ±0.37 ±0.28	62	ALBRECHT	85D	ARG $e^+e^-$ 10 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+K^-\rho^0\pi^+\text{non-}\phi)/\Gamma(K^+K^-2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{55}/\Gamma_{53}$ 

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.03</b>	90	LINK	03D	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\phi\rho^0\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{56}/\Gamma_{53}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.75±0.06±0.04</b>	LINK	03D	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\phi a_1(1260)^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{57}/\Gamma_{36}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.137±0.019±0.011</b>	LINK	03D	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+K^-2\pi^+\pi^- \text{nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^+K^-2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{58}/\Gamma_{53}$ 

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.10±0.06±0.05</b>	LINK	03D	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(2K_S^0 2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{59}/\Gamma_{50}$ 

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.051±0.015±0.015</b>	37 ± 10	LINK	04D	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

————— Pionic modes —————

$\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$

$\Gamma_{60}/\Gamma_{34}$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;2.3</b>	90	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<4.1	90	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{61}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.09±0.05 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
<b>1.11±0.04±0.04</b>	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
1.11±0.07±0.04	<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See ONYISI 13

<sup>1</sup>ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

$\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

$\Gamma_{61}/\Gamma_{36}$

VALUE	EVTs	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.201±0.007 OUR FIT</b>				
<b>0.199±0.004±0.009</b>	≈ 10.5k	AUBERT	090	BABR $e^+e^-$ ≈ 10.6 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.265±0.041±0.031	98	FRABETTI	97D	E687 $\gamma$ Be ≈ 200 GeV

$\Gamma(\rho^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{62}/\Gamma_{61}$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.018±0.005±0.010</b>		AUBERT	090	BABR Dalitz fit, ≈ 10.5k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
not seen		LINK	04	FOCS Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts
0.058±0.023±0.037		AITALA	01A	E791 Dalitz fit, 848 evts
<0.073	90	FRABETTI	97D	E687 $\gamma$ Be ≈ 200 GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S\text{-wave}})/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{63}/\Gamma_{61}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See also KLEMPT 08, which uses 568  $D_S^+ \rightarrow 3\pi$  decays (over 280 background events) from FNAL E791 to study various parametrizations of the decay amplitudes. The emphasis there is more on  $S$ -wave  $\pi\pi$  decay products — 20 different solutions are given — than on  $D_S^+$  fit fractions.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.833 ±0.020 OUR AVERAGE</b>			
0.830 ±0.009 ±0.019	<sup>1</sup> AUBERT	090	BABR Dalitz fit, ≈ 10.5k evts
0.8704±0.0560±0.0438	<sup>2</sup> LINK	04	FOCS Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts

<sup>1</sup>AUBERT 090 gives the amplitude and phase of the  $\pi^+\pi^-$   $S$ -wave in 29  $\pi^+\pi^-$  invariant-mass bins.

<sup>2</sup>LINK 04 borrows a K-matrix parametrization from ANISOVICH 03 of the full  $\pi-\pi$   $S$ -wave isoscalar scattering amplitude to describe the  $\pi^+\pi^-$   $S$ -wave component of the  $\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$  state. The fit fraction given above is a sum over five  $f_0$  mesons, the  $f_0(980)$ ,  $f_0(1300)$ ,  $f_0(1200-1600)$ ,  $f_0(1500)$ , and  $f_0(1750)$ . See LINK 04 for details and discussion.

$\Gamma(f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{64}/\Gamma_{61}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full  $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S\text{-wave}}$  fit fraction.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.565 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.047$	AITALA	01A	E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
$1.074 \pm 0.140 \pm 0.043$	FRABETTI	97D	E687	$\gamma$ Be $\approx$ 200 GeV

$\Gamma(f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{65}/\Gamma_{61}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full  $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S\text{-wave}}$  fit fraction.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.324 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.017$	AITALA	01A	E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
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$\Gamma(f_0(1500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{66}/\Gamma_{61}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full  $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S\text{-wave}}$  fit fraction.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.274 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.019$	<sup>1</sup> FRABETTI	97D	E687	$\gamma$ Be $\approx$ 200 GeV
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<sup>1</sup>FRABETTI 97D calls this mode  $S(1475)\pi^+$ , but finds the mass and width of this  $S(1475)$  to be in excellent agreement with those of the  $f_0(1500)$ .

$\Gamma(f_2(1270)\pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{67}/\Gamma_{61}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**0.101 ± 0.018 OUR AVERAGE**

$0.101 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.011$	AUBERT	09O	BABR	Dalitz fit, $\approx$ 10.5k evts
$0.0974 \pm 0.0449 \pm 0.0294$	LINK	04	FOCS	Dalitz fit, $1475 \pm 50$ evts

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.197 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.006$	AITALA	01A	E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
$0.123 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.018$	FRABETTI	97D	E687	$\gamma$ Be $\approx$ 200 GeV

$\Gamma(\rho(1450)^0\pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{68}/\Gamma_{61}$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**0.027 ± 0.018 OUR AVERAGE**

$0.023 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.017$	AUBERT	09O	BABR	Dalitz fit, $\approx$ 10.5k evts
$0.0656 \pm 0.0343 \pm 0.0440$	LINK	04	FOCS	Dalitz fit, $1475 \pm 50$ evts

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.044 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.002$	AITALA	01A	E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
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$\Gamma(\pi^+2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{69}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>0.65 ± 0.13 ± 0.03</b>	$72 \pm 16$	NAIK	09A	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
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$\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{70}/\Gamma_{37}$

VALUE CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<3.3                      90              ANJOS              89E    E691    Photoproduction

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{71}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE (%) EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

**1.70±0.09 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

**1.71±0.08 OUR AVERAGE**

1.67±0.08±0.06                      ONYISI              13    CLEO     $e^+e^-$  at 4.17 GeV

1.82±0.14±0.07              0.8k              ZUPANC              13    BELL     $e^+e^-$  at  $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.58±0.11±0.18                      <sup>1</sup>ALEXANDER    08    CLEO    See ONYISI 13

<sup>1</sup>ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$   $\Gamma_{71}/\Gamma_{34}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

**1.13 ±0.07 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.236±0.043±0.063    2587 ± 89              MENDEZ              10    CLEO    See ONYISI 13

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{71}/\Gamma_{37}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.48±0.03±0.04              920              JESSOP              98    CLE2     $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

0.54±0.09±0.06              165              ALEXANDER    92    CLE2    See JESSOP 98

$\Gamma(\omega\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{72}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

VALUE (%) EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

**0.24±0.06 OUR FIT**

**0.21±0.09±0.01**    6 ± 2.4              GE              09A    CLEO     $e^+e^-$  at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\omega\pi^+)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{72}/\Gamma_{71}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

**0.14±0.04 OUR FIT**

**0.16±0.04±0.03**                      BALEST              97    CLE2     $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(3\pi^+2\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{73}/\Gamma_{36}$

VALUE EVTS DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

**0.146±0.014 OUR AVERAGE**

0.145±0.011±0.010    671              LINK              03D    FOCS     $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$  GeV

0.158±0.042±0.031    37              FRABETTI    97C    E687     $\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$  GeV

$\Gamma(\eta\rho^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{75}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>8.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5</math></b>	$328 \pm 22$	NAIK	09A CLEO	$\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma$

$\Gamma(\eta\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{75}/\Gamma_{37}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2.98 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.39$	447	JESSOP	98 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$2.86 \pm 0.38^{+0.36}_{-0.38}$	217	AVERY	92 CLE2	See JESSOP 98

$\Gamma(\eta\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{76}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>9.2 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.1</math></b>	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

$\Gamma(\omega\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{77}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>2.78 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.25</math></b>	$34 \pm 7.9$	GE	09A CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(3\pi^+2\pi^-\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{78}/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.049^{+0.033}_{-0.030}</math></b>	BARLAG 92C	ACCM	$\pi^-$ 230 GeV

$\Gamma(\omega 2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{79}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.58 \pm 0.45 \pm 0.09</math></b>	$29 \pm 8.2$	GE	09A CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{80}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta'(958)$  are included.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>3.94 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.20</math></b>	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$3.77 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.30$	<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
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<sup>1</sup>ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$   $\Gamma_{80}/\Gamma_{34}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta'(958)$  are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2.654 \pm 0.088 \pm 0.139$	$1436 \pm 47$	MENDEZ	10 CLEO	See ONYISI 13

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{80}/\Gamma_{37}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$1.03 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.07$	537	JESSOP	98 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$1.20 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.11$	281	ALEXANDER	92 CLE2	See JESSOP 98
$2.5 \pm 1.0 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.5 \\ -0.4 \end{smallmatrix}$	22	ALVAREZ	91 NA14	Photoproduction
$2.5 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	215	ALBRECHT	90D ARG	$e^+e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV

$\Gamma(\omega\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{82}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  and  $\eta$  are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 2.13 \times 10^{-2}$	90	GE	09A CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\rho^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{83}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$5.8 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.4$	ABLIKIM 15Z	BES3	$482 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ , 4009 MeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{83}/\Gamma_{37}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2.78 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.30$	137	<sup>1</sup> JESSOP	98 CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$3.44 \pm 0.62 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.44 \\ -0.46 \end{smallmatrix}$	68	AVERY	92 CLE2	See JESSOP 98

<sup>1</sup> This JESSOP 98 fraction, when combined with other  $\eta'$  fractions, greatly overshoots the inclusive  $\eta'$  fraction. See the measurement just above, which fits nicely.

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{84}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$5.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0_{\text{nonresonant}})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{85}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 5.1 \times 10^{-2}$	90	ABLIKIM 15Z	BES3	$482 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ , 4009 MeV

———— Modes with one or three K's ————

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$   $\Gamma_{86}/\Gamma_{34}$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$4.2 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.2$	$202 \pm 70$	MENDEZ 10	CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$5.5 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.7$	$141 \pm 34$	ADAMS 07A	CLEO	See MENDEZ 10



$\Gamma(K_S^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0)$   $\Gamma_{87}/\Gamma_{34}$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**8.12 ± 0.28 OUR AVERAGE**

8.5 ± 0.7 ± 0.2	393 ± 33	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
8.03 ± 0.24 ± 0.19	17.6k ± 481	WON	09	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
10.4 ± 2.4 ± 1.4	113 ± 26	LINK	08	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

8.2 ± 0.9 ± 0.2	206 ± 22	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10
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$\Gamma(K^+ \eta)/\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0)$   $\Gamma_{88}/\Gamma_{34}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta$  are included.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**11.8 ± 2.2 ± 0.6** 222 ± 41 MENDEZ 10 CLEO  $e^+ e^-$  at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+ \eta)/\Gamma(\eta \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{88}/\Gamma_{71}$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

8.9 ± 1.5 ± 0.4	113 ± 18	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10
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$\Gamma(K^+ \omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{89}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**<0.24** 90 GE 09A CLEO  $e^+ e^-$  at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+ \eta'(958))/\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0)$   $\Gamma_{90}/\Gamma_{34}$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\eta'(958)$  are included.

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**11.8 ± 3.6 ± 0.7** 56 ± 17 MENDEZ 10 CLEO  $e^+ e^-$  at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+ \eta'(958))/\Gamma(\eta'(958) \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{90}/\Gamma_{80}$

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.2 ± 1.3 ± 0.3	28 ± 9	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10
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$\Gamma(K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{91}/\Gamma$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**0.66 ± 0.04 OUR FIT**

**0.654 ± 0.033 ± 0.025** ONYISI 13 CLEO  $e^+ e^-$  at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.69 ± 0.05 ± 0.03	<sup>1</sup> ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13
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<sup>1</sup>ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

$\Gamma(K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{91}/\Gamma_{36}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
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**0.120 ± 0.007 OUR FIT** Error includes scale factor of 1.1.

**0.127 ± 0.007 ± 0.014** 567 ± 31 LINK 04F FOCS  $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$  GeV

$\Gamma(K^+\rho^0)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{92}/\Gamma_{91}$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.3883±0.0531±0.0261</b>	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{93}/\Gamma_{91}$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.1062±0.0351±0.0104</b>	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{94}/\Gamma_{91}$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.2164±0.0321±0.0114</b>	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^*(1410)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{95}/\Gamma_{91}$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.1882±0.0403±0.0122</b>	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^*(1430)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{96}/\Gamma_{91}$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.0765±0.0500±0.0170</b>	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^- \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{97}/\Gamma_{91}$

This is the "fit fraction" from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.1588±0.0492±0.0153</b>	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$\Gamma(K^0\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{98}/\Gamma$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.00±0.18±0.04</b>	44 ± 8	NAIK	09A	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{99}/\Gamma_{50}$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.18±0.04±0.05</b>	179 ± 36	LINK	08	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^+\omega\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{100}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.82</b>	90	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\omega\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{101}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  are included.

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.54</b>	90	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\omega\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{102}/\Gamma$

Unseen decay modes of the  $\omega$  and  $\eta$  are included.

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.79</b>	90	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(2K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{103}/\Gamma_{36}$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>4.0 ± 0.3 ± 0.2</b>	748 ± 60	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$8.95 \pm 2.12^{+2.24}_{-2.31}$	31	LINK	02I	FOCS $\gamma$ A, $\approx 180$ GeV
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$\Gamma(\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(2K^+K^-)$   $\Gamma_{104}/\Gamma_{103}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>0.41 ± 0.08 ± 0.03</b>	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
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———— Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes ————

$\Gamma(2K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$   $\Gamma_{105}/\Gamma_{36}$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**2.33 ± 0.23 OUR AVERAGE**

2.3 ± 0.3 ± 0.2	356 ± 52	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
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2.29 ± 0.28 ± 0.12	281 ± 34	KO	09 BELL	$e^+e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
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5.2 ± 1.7 ± 1.1	27 ± 9	LINK	05K FOCS	<0.78%, CL = 90%
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$\Gamma(K^+K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2K^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_{106}/\Gamma_{105}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>0.47 ± 0.22 ± 0.15</b>	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
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———— Baryon-antibaryon mode ————

$\Gamma(p\bar{n})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{107}/\Gamma$

This is the only baryonic mode allowed kinematically.

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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**1.22 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE**

1.21 ± 0.10 ± 0.05	193 ± 17	ABLIKIM	190BES3	$e^+e^-$ , $E_{\text{cm}} = 4178$ MeV
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1.30 ± 0.36 <sup>+0.12</sup> <sub>-0.16</sub>	13.0 ± 3.6	ATHAR	08 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ , $E_{\text{cm}} \approx 4170$ MeV
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———— Rare or forbidden modes ————

$\Gamma(\pi^+e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{108}/\Gamma$

This mode is not a useful test for a  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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<b>&lt;13 × 10<sup>-6</sup></b>	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 2.2 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	90	<sup>1</sup> RUBIN	10	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
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<27 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
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<sup>1</sup>This RUBIN 10 limit is for the  $e^+e^-$  mass in the continuum away from the  $\phi(1020)$ . See the next data block.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{109}/\Gamma$

This is *not* a test for the  $\Delta C = 1$  weak neutral current, but leads to the  $\pi^+ e^+ e^-$  final state.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$(6_{-4}^{+8} \pm 1) \times 10^{-6}$	3	RUBIN	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{110}/\Gamma$

This mode is not a useful test for a  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AF	LHCB $pp$ at 7 TeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 4.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$< 4.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 $\pi^-$ emulsion 600 GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{111}/\Gamma$

A test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 5.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

$\Gamma(K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{112}/\Gamma$

A test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 21 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$< 5.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 $\pi^-$ emulsion 600 GeV

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{113}/\Gamma$

A test for the  $\Delta C=1$  weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 $\pi^-$ emulsion 600 GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{114}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 12 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{115}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<20 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(K^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{116}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<14 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(K^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{117}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<9.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{118}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 4.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$<69 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{119}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AF LHCb	$pp$ at 7 TeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$<2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$<8.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$<4.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	$\pi^-$ emulsion 600 GeV

$\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{120}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<8.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$<7.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
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$\Gamma(K^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{121}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 5.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$< 1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$<63 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

$\Gamma(K^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{122}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$<1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_{\gamma} \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<1.8 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N 500 \text{ GeV}$
$<5.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 $\pi^- \text{ emulsion } 600 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^- e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{123}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$<6.8 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G	E791 $\pi^- N 500 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_{124}/\Gamma$

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 $\pi^- \text{ emulsion } 600 \text{ GeV}$

$D_s^+ - D_s^-$  CP-VIOLATING DECAY-RATE ASYMMETRIES

This is the difference between  $D_s^+$  and  $D_s^-$  partial widths for the decay to state  $f$ , divided by the sum of the widths:

$$A_{CP}(f) = [\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow f) - \Gamma(D_s^- \rightarrow \bar{f})] / [\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow f) + \Gamma(D_s^- \rightarrow \bar{f})].$$

$A_{CP}(\mu^\pm \nu)$  in  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu, D_s^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$4.8 \pm 6.1$	ALEXANDER 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.08 ± 0.26 OUR AVERAGE</b>				

$-0.05 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.24$	288k	<sup>1</sup> LEES	13E	BABR $e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
$2.6 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.6$		ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
$0.12 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.22$		KO	10	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$4.7 \pm 1.8 \pm 0.9$	4.0k	MENDEZ	10	CLEO See ONYISI 13
$4.9 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.9$		ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

<sup>1</sup> LEES 13E finds that after subtracting the contribution due to  $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$  mixing, the CP asymmetry is  $(+0.28 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.24)\%$ .

$A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.5 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.4$	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$0.3 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.8$	ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See ONYISI 13

**$A_{CP}(\phi\pi^\pm)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \phi\pi^\pm$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.38 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.08$	ABAZOV	14B D0	$p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV

**$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0\pi^0)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0\pi^0$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-1.6 \pm 6.0 \pm 1.1$	ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

**$A_{CP}(2K_S^0\pi^\pm)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow 2K_S^0\pi^\pm$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$3.1 \pm 5.2 \pm 0.6$	ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

**$A_{CP}(K^+K^-\pi^\pm\pi^0)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^\pm\pi^0$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$0.0 \pm 2.7 \pm 1.2$	ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$-5.9 \pm 4.2 \pm 1.2$	ALEXANDER	08 CLEO	See ONYISI 13

**$A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-5.7 \pm 5.3 \pm 0.9$	ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

**$A_{CP}(K_S^0 K^\mp 2\pi^\pm)$  in  $D_s^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\mp 2\pi^\pm$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$4.1 \pm 2.7 \pm 0.9$	ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$-0.7 \pm 3.6 \pm 1.1$	ALEXANDER	08 CLEO	See ONYISI 13

**$A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.7 \pm 3.0 \pm 0.6$	ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$2.0 \pm 4.6 \pm 0.7$	ALEXANDER	08 CLEO	See ONYISI 13

**$A_{CP}(\pi^\pm\eta)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm\eta$**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.1 \pm 3.0 \pm 0.8$		ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$-4.6 \pm 2.9 \pm 0.3$	2.5k	MENDEZ	10 CLEO	See ONYISI 13
$-8.2 \pm 5.2 \pm 0.8$		ALEXANDER	08 CLEO	See MENDEZ 10

**$A_{CP}(\pi^\pm\eta')$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm\eta'$**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-0.9 \pm 0.5$		<b>OUR AVERAGE</b>		
$-0.82 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.35$	152k	AAIJ	17AF LHCB	$pp$ at 7, 8 TeV
$-2.2 \pm 2.2 \pm 0.6$		ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$-6.1 \pm 3.0 \pm 0.3$	1.4k	MENDEZ	10 CLEO	See ONYISI 13
$-5.5 \pm 3.7 \pm 1.2$		ALEXANDER	08 CLEO	See MENDEZ 10

**$A_{CP}(\eta\pi^\pm\pi^0)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \eta\pi^\pm\pi^0$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>-0.5 \pm 3.9 \pm 2.0</math></b>	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

**$A_{CP}(\eta'\pi^\pm\pi^0)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \eta'\pi^\pm\pi^0$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>-0.4 \pm 7.4 \pm 1.9</math></b>	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

**$A_{CP}(K^\pm\pi^0)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm\pi^0$**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>-26.6 \pm 23.8 \pm 0.9</math></b>	$202 \pm 70$	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2 \pm 29$		ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

**$A_{CP}(\bar{K}^0/K^0\pi^\pm)$  in  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0\pi^+$ ,  $D_s^- \rightarrow K^0\pi^-$**

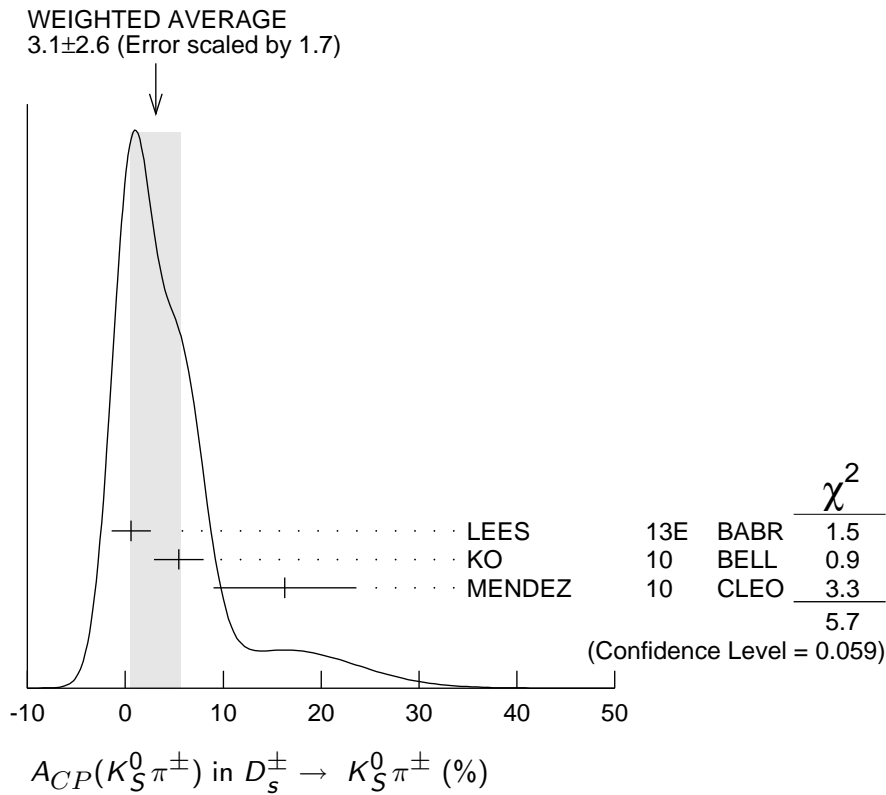
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.4 \pm 0.5</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$0.38 \pm 0.46 \pm 0.17$	121k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	14BD	LHCB $pp$ at 7, 8 TeV
$0.3 \pm 2.0 \pm 0.3$	14k	LEES	13E	BABR $e^+e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$0.61 \pm 0.83 \pm 0.14$	26k	AAIJ	13W	LHCB See AAIJ 14BD

<sup>1</sup>AAIJ 14BD reports its result as  $A_{CP}(D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm)$  with  $CP$ -violation effects in the  $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$  system subtracted. It also measures  $A_{CP}(D^\pm \rightarrow \bar{K}^0/K^0 K^\pm) + A_{CP}(D_s^\pm \rightarrow \bar{K}^0/K^0 \pi^\pm) = (0.41 \pm 0.49 \pm 0.26)\%$ .

**$A_{CP}(K_S^0\pi^\pm)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^\pm$**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>3.1 \pm 2.6</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 1.7. See the ideogram below.		
$0.6 \pm 2.0 \pm 0.3$	14k	LEES	13E	BABR $e^+e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S)$
$5.45 \pm 2.50 \pm 0.33$		KO	10	BELL $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$16.3 \pm 7.3 \pm 0.3$	0.4k	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$27 \pm 11$		ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10





**$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$**

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>4.5 \pm 4.8 \pm 0.6</math></b>	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$11.2 \pm 7.0 \pm 0.9$	ALEXANDER	08	CLEO See ONYISI 13

**$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta)$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \eta$**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>9.3 \pm 15.2 \pm 0.9</math></b>	$222 \pm 41$	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$-20 \pm 18$		ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

**$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta'(958))$  in  $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \eta'(958)$**

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>6.0 \pm 18.9 \pm 0.9</math></b>	$56 \pm 17$	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$-17 \pm 37$		ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

## CP VIOLATING ASYMMETRIES OF P-ODD (T-ODD) MOMENTS

### $A_{Tviol}(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$

$C_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^+} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^+} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^-})$  is a parity-odd correlation of the  $K^+$ ,  $\pi^+$ , and  $\pi^-$  momenta for the  $D_s^+$ .  $\bar{C}_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K^-} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^-} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^+})$  is the corresponding quantity for the  $D_s^-$ . Then

$A_T \equiv [\Gamma(C_T > 0) - \Gamma(C_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(C_T > 0) + \Gamma(C_T < 0)]$ , and

$\bar{A}_T \equiv [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) - \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) + \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)]$ , and

$A_{Tviol} \equiv \frac{1}{2}(A_T - \bar{A}_T)$ .  $C_T$  and  $\bar{C}_T$  are commonly referred to as  $T$ -odd moments, because they are odd under  $T$  reversal. However, the  $T$ -conjugate process  $K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^- \rightarrow D_s^\pm$  is not accessible, while the  $P$ -conjugate process is.

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>-13.6 \pm 7.7 \pm 3.4</math></b>	$29.8 \pm 0.3k$	LEES	11E BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
● ● ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ● ●				
$-36 \pm 67 \pm 23$	$508 \pm 34$	LINK	05E FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

### $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ FORM FACTORS

#### $r_2 \equiv A_2(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>0.84 \pm 0.11</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 2.4.			
$0.816 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.030$	$25 \pm 0.5k$	<sup>1</sup> AUBERT	08AN BABR	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$0.713 \pm 0.202 \pm 0.284$	793	LINK	04C FOCS	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$1.57 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.19$	271	AITALA	99D E791	$\phi e^+ \nu_e, \phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$1.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	308	AVERY	94B CLE2	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$1.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.1$	90	FRABETTI	94F E687	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$2.1 \begin{smallmatrix} +0.6 \\ -0.5 \end{smallmatrix} \pm 0.2$	19	KODAMA	93 E653	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

<sup>1</sup>To compare with previous measurements, this AUBERT 08AN value is from a fit that fixes the pole masses at  $m_A = 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  and  $m_V = 2.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ . A simultaneous fit to  $r_2$ ,  $r_V$ ,  $r_0$  (a significant  $s$ -wave contribution) and  $m_A$ , gives  $r_2 = 0.763 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.065$ .

#### $r_V \equiv V(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b><math>1.80 \pm 0.08</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				
$1.807 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.065$	$25 \pm 0.5k$	<sup>1</sup> AUBERT	08AN BABR	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$1.549 \pm 0.250 \pm 0.148$	793	LINK	04C FOCS	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$2.27 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.22$	271	AITALA	99D E791	$\phi e^+ \nu_e, \phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$	308	AVERY	94B CLE2	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$1.8 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.2$	90	FRABETTI	94F E687	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$2.3 \begin{smallmatrix} +1.1 \\ -0.9 \end{smallmatrix} \pm 0.4$	19	KODAMA	93 E653	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

<sup>1</sup>To compare with previous measurements, this AUBERT 08AN value is from a fit that fixes the pole masses at  $m_A = 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  and  $m_V = 2.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ . A simultaneous fit to  $r_2$ ,  $r_V$ ,  $r_0$  (a significant  $s$ -wave contribution) and  $m_A$ , gives  $r_V = 1.849 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.095$ .

$\Gamma_L/\Gamma_T$  in  $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.72±0.18 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
1.0 ±0.3 ±0.2	308	AVERY	94B CLE2	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
1.0 ±0.5 ±0.1	90	<sup>1</sup> FRABETTI	94F E687	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.54±0.21±0.10	19	<sup>1</sup> KODAMA	93 E653	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

<sup>1</sup>FRABETTI 94F and KODAMA 93 evaluate  $\Gamma_L/\Gamma_T$  for a lepton mass of zero.

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AAIJ	17AN	PRL 119 101801	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
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ABLIKIM	16T	PR D94 112003	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
ABLIKIM	15Z	PL B750 466	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
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ONYISI	09	PR D79 052002	P.U.E. Onyisi <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
WON	09	PR D80 111101	E. Won <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
YELTON	09	PR D80 052007	J. Yelton <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALEXANDER	08	PRL 100 161804	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ATHAR	08	PRL 100 181802	S.B. Athar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	08AN	PR D78 051101	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ECKLUND	08	PRL 100 161801	K.M. Ecklund <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
KLEMP	08	EPJ C55 39	E. Klempt, M. Matveev, A.V. Sarantsev	(BONN+)
LINK	08	PL B660 147	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
WIDHALM	08	PRL 100 241801	L. Widhalm <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ADAMS	07A	PRL 99 191805	G.S. Adams <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	07V	PRL 98 141801	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
PEDLAR	07A	PR D76 072002	T.K. Pedlar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
Also		PRL 99 071802	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	06N	PR D74 031103	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
HUANG	06B	PR D74 112005	G.S. Huang <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
PDG	06	JP G33 1	W.-M. Yao <i>et al.</i>	(PDG Collab.)
AUBERT	05V	PR D71 091104	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LINK	05E	PL B622 239	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	05J	PRL 95 052003	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)

LINK	05K	PL B624 166	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04	PL B585 200	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04C	PL B586 183	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04D	PL B586 191	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04F	PL B601 10	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
ACOSTA	03D	PR D68 072004	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL CDF-II Collab.)
ANISOVICH	03	EPJ A16 229	V.V. Anisovich <i>et al.</i>	
LINK	03D	PL B561 225	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	03F	PL B572 21	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
AUBERT	02G	PR D65 091104	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
HEISTER	02I	PL B528 1	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
LINK	02I	PL B541 227	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	02J	PL B541 243	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
ABBIENDI	01L	PL B516 236	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AITALA	01A	PRL 86 765	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
IORI	01	PL B523 22	M. Iori <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL SELEX Collab.)
LINK	01C	PRL 87 162001	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
ALEXANDROV	00	PL B478 31	Y. Alexandrov <i>et al.</i>	(CERN BEATRICE Collab.)
AITALA	99	PL B445 449	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
AITALA	99D	PL B450 294	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
AITALA	99G	PL B462 401	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
BONVICINI	99	PRL 82 4586	G. Bonvicini <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
CHADHA	98	PR D58 032002	M. Chada <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
JESSOP	98	PR D58 052002	C.P. Jessop <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ACCIARRI	97F	PL B396 327	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
BALEST	97	PRL 79 1436	R. Balest <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
FRABETTI	97C	PL B401 131	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
FRABETTI	97D	PL B407 79	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
ARTUSO	96	PL B378 364	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BAI	95C	PR D52 3781	J.Z. Bai <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
BRANDENB...	95	PRL 75 3804	G.W. Brandenburg <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
FRABETTI	95B	PL B351 591	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
KODAMA	95	PL B345 85	K. Kodama <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E653 Collab.)
ACOSTA	94	PR D49 5690	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AVERY	94B	PL B337 405	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BROWN	94	PR D50 1884	D. Brown <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BUTLER	94	PL B324 255	F. Butler <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
FRABETTI	94F	PL B328 187	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
FRABETTI	93F	PRL 71 827	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
FRABETTI	93G	PL B313 253	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
KODAMA	93	PL B309 483	K. Kodama <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E653 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92B	ZPHY C53 361	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEXANDER	92	PRL 68 1275	J. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AVERY	92	PRL 68 1279	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARLAG	92C	ZPHY C55 383	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
Also		ZPHY C48 29	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
FRABETTI	92	PL B281 167	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	91	PL B255 634	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALVAREZ	91	PL B255 639	M.P. Alvarez <i>et al.</i>	(CERN NA14/2 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	90D	PL B245 315	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEXANDER	90B	PRL 65 1531	J. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARLAG	90C	ZPHY C46 563	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
FRABETTI	90	PL B251 639	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
ANJOS	89E	PL B223 267	J.C. Anjos <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
CHEN	89	PL B226 192	W.Y. Chen <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	88	PL B207 349	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ANJOS	88	PRL 60 897	J.C. Anjos <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
RAAB	88	PR D37 2391	J.R. Raab <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
BECKER	87B	PL B184 277	H. Becker <i>et al.</i>	(NA11 and NA32 Collabs.)
BLAYLOCK	87	PRL 58 2171	G.T. Blaylock <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
USHIDA	86	PRL 56 1767	N. Ushida <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E531 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	85D	PL 153B 343	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
DERRICK	85B	PRL 54 2568	M. Derrick <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
AIHARA	84D	PRL 53 2465	H. Aihara <i>et al.</i>	(TPC Collab.)
ALTHOFF	84	PL 136B 130	M. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(TASSO Collab.)

BAILEY	84	PL 139B 320	R. Bailey <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
CHEN	83C	PRL 51 634	A. Chen <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)

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