# Other Particle Searches

# OMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE OTHER PARTICLE SEARCHES

Revised February 2018 by K. Hikasa (Tohoku University).

We collect here those searches which do not appear in any other search categories. These are listed in the following order:

- Concentration of stable particles in matter
- General new physics searches
- Limits on jet-jet resonance in hadron collisions
- Limits on neutral particle production at accelerators
- Limits on charged particles in  $e^+e^-$  collisions
- Limits on charged particles in hadron reactions
- Limits on charged particles in cosmic rays
- Searches for quantum black hole production

Note that searches appear in separate sections elsewhere for Higgs bosons (and technipions), other heavy bosons (including  $W_R$ , W', Z', leptoquarks, axigluons), axions (including pseudo-Goldstone bosons, Majorons, familons), WIMPs, heavy leptons, heavy neutrinos, free quarks, monopoles, supersymmetric particles, and compositeness.

We no longer list for limits on tachyons and centauros. See our 1994 edition for these limits.

#### **CONCENTRATION OF STABLE PARTICLES IN MATTER**

# Concentration of Heavy (Charge +1) Stable Particles in Matter

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following	data for averages	s, fits,	limits, e	etc. • • •
$<4 \times 10^{-17}$	95				Deep sea water, $M=5-1600m_p$
$< 6 \times 10^{-15}$	95	<sup>2</sup> VERKERK	92	SPEC	Water, $M=10^5$ to 3 $\times$
$< 7 \times 10^{-15}$	95	<sup>2</sup> VERKERK			$10^{7} \text{ GeV}$ Water, $M = 10^{4}$ , 6 ×
$<9 \times 10^{-15}$ $<3 \times 10^{-23}$	95	<sup>2</sup> VERKERK			$10^7$ GeV Water, $M=10^8$ GeV
$<3 \times 10^{-23}$	90	<sup>3</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	Water, $M = 1000 m_p$

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$< 2 \times 10^{-21}$	90	<sup>3</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	Water, $M = 5000 m_p$
$< 3 \times 10^{-20}$	90	<sup>3</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	Water, $M = 10000 m_p$
$< 1. \times 10^{-29}$		SMITH	<b>82</b> B	SPEC	Water, <i>M</i> =30–400 $m_p$
$< 2. \times 10^{-28}$		SMITH	<b>82</b> B	SPEC	Water, $M=12-1000m_p$
$< 1. \times 10^{-14}$		SMITH	<b>82</b> B	SPEC	Water, $M > 1000 m_p$
$<$ (0.2–1.) $\times$ 10 <sup>-21</sup>		SMITH	79	SPEC	Water, $M=6-350 \ m_p$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>YAMAGATA 93 used deep sea water at 4000 m since the concentration is enhanced in deep sea due to gravity.

### Concentration of Heavy Stable Particles Bound to Nuclei

VALUE	<u>CL%</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
ullet $ullet$ We do not use the	following	data for averages,	fits, I	imits, et	c. • • •
$< 2 \times 10^{-17} / \text{nucleon}$	95	<sup>1</sup> AFEK	21		millicharged particle search
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-11}$	95	<sup>2</sup> JAVORSEK	01	SPEC	Au, $M=3$ GeV
$<6.9 \times 10^{-10}$	95	<sup>2</sup> JAVORSEK	01	SPEC	Au, <i>M</i> = 144 GeV
$<1 \times 10^{-11}$	95	<sup>3</sup> JAVORSEK	<b>01</b> B	SPEC	Au, <i>M</i> = 188 GeV
$<1 \times 10^{-8}$	95	<sup>3</sup> JAVORSEK	<b>01</b> B	SPEC	Au, <i>M</i> = 1669 GeV
$< 6 \times 10^{-9}$	95	<sup>3</sup> JAVORSEK	<b>01</b> B	SPEC	Fe, <i>M</i> = 188 GeV
$<1 \times 10^{-8}$	95	<sup>3</sup> JAVORSEK	<b>01</b> B	SPEC	Fe, <i>M</i> = 647 GeV
$< 4 \times 10^{-20}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	C, $M = 100 m_p$
$< 8 \times 10^{-20}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	C, $M = 1000 m_p$
$< 2 \times 10^{-16}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	C, $M = 10000 m_p$
$< 6 \times 10^{-13}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	Li, $M = 1000 m_p$
$< 1 \times 10^{-11}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	Be, $M = 1000 m_p$
$< 6 \times 10^{-14}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	B, $M = 1000 m_p$
$<4 \times 10^{-17}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	O, $M = 1000 m_{p}$
$<4 \times 10^{-15}$	90	<sup>4</sup> HEMMICK	90	SPEC	F, $M = 1000 m_p$
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-13} / \text{nucleon}$	68	<sup>5</sup> NORMAN	89	SPEC	<sup>206</sup> PbX <sup>-</sup>
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-12} / \text{nucleon}$	68	<sup>5</sup> NORMAN	87	SPEC	56,58 <sub>Fe</sub> <i>X</i> <sup>-</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AFEK 21 search for millicharged particles bound to matter using an optomechanical device. No signal was observed. Limits placed in the abundance vs. charge plane (Fig. 3). This is translated to the mass versus charge plane by requiring bound states to be stable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> VERKERK 92 looked for heavy isotopes in sea water and put a bound on concentration of stable charged massive particle in sea water. The above bound can be translated into into a bound on charged dark matter particle (5 × 10<sup>6</sup> GeV), assuming the local density,  $\rho$ =0.3 GeV/cm<sup>3</sup>, and the mean velocity  $\langle v \rangle$ =300 km/s.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See HEMMICK 90 Fig. 7 for other masses  $100-10000 m_p$ .

JAVORSEK 01 search for (neutral) SIMPs (strongly interacting massive particles) bound to Au nuclei. Here *M* is the effective SIMP mass.
 JAVORSEK 01B search for (neutral) SIMPs (strongly interacting massive particles) bound

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  JAVORSEK 01B search for (neutral) SIMPs (strongly interacting massive particles) bound to Au and Fe nuclei from various origins with exposures on the earth's surface, in a satellite, heavy ion collisions, etc. Here M is the mass of the anomalous nucleus. See also JAVORSEK 02.

also JAVORSEK 02.  $^4$  See HEMMICK 90 Fig. 7 for other masses 100–10000  $m_{\mbox{\scriptsize p}}$ .

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  Bound valid up to  $m_{\chi^{-}}~\sim~100$  TeV.

#### **GENERAL NEW PHYSICS SEARCHES**

This subsection lists some of the search experiments which look for general signatures characteristic of new physics, independent of the framework of a specific model.

The observed events are compatible with Standard Model expectation, unless noted otherwise.

**VALUE** DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • <sup>1</sup> ALKHATIB 21A SCDM CDMSlite search for fractionally charged relics  $^2$  AGUILAR-AR...20B CONN  $\,
u$  elastic scatter on nuclei <sup>3</sup> FEDDERKE CHAMPs from white dwarfs <sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN 20A CMS SUSY/LQ search with mT2 or long-lived charged particles <sup>5</sup> ALCANTARA 19 Auger, superheavy DM <sup>6</sup> PORAYKO pulsar timing fuzzy DM search **PPTA** <sup>7</sup> AAD 15AT ATLS  $t + \not\!\!E_T$ <sup>8</sup> KHACHATRY...15F CMS  $t + \not\!\!E_T$ <sup>9</sup> AALTONEN W+2 jets CDF <sup>10</sup> AAD  $WW \rightarrow \ell \nu \ell' \nu$ 13A ATLS  $^{11}\,\mathrm{AAD}$ 13C ATLS  $\gamma + \not\!\!E_T$ <sup>12</sup> AALTONEN 13। CDF Delayed  $\gamma + E_T$ <sup>13</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13  $\ell^+\ell^-$  + jets +  $E_T$ CMS  $^{14}$  AAD 12C ATLS  $t\overline{t} + E_T$ <sup>15</sup> AALTONEN 12M CDF  $jet + \cancel{E}_T$ <sup>16</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12AP CMS  $jet + \cancel{E}_T$ <sup>17</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12Q CMS  $Z + \text{jets} + \cancel{E}_T$ <sup>18</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12⊤ CMS  $\gamma + \not\!\!E_T$ <sup>19</sup> AAD 11s ATLS  $jet + \cancel{E}_T$ <sup>20</sup> AALTONEN  $\ell^{\pm}\ell^{\pm}$ 11AF CDF <sup>21</sup> CHATRCHYAN 11c CMS  $\ell^+\ell^-$  + jets +  $E_T$ 22 CHATRCHYAN 11U CMS  $jet + \cancel{E}_T$ <sup>23</sup> AALTONEN 10AF CDF  $\gamma \gamma + \ell, \not\!\!E_T$ <sup>24</sup> AALTONEN 09AF CDF  $\ell \gamma b \not\!\!E_T$ <sup>25</sup> AALTONEN 09G CDF  $\ell\ell\ell \not\!\! E_T$ 

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  ALKHATIB 21A search for lightly ionizing fractionally charged relics scattering from Ge. No signal observed. Limits plotted in fractional charge f vs. vertical intensity plane for m  $\sim~5$  MeV to 100 TeV.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  AGUILAR-AREVALO 20B search for light BSM mediator effect on  $\nu$  elastic scatter on nuclei; no signal; limits placed in m(mediator) vs. coupling plane for two models of MeV-scale mediators.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> FEDDERKE 20 place limits on cosmic relic charged massive particles (CHAMPs) due to their capture and subsequent disruption of old white dwarf stars; limits placed in the m(CHAMP) vs. relic density parameter plane.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>SIRUNYAN 20A search for SUSY and LQ production using mT2 or presence of long-lived charged particle; no signal, limits placed in various mass planes for different BSM scenarios and various assumed lifetimes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> ALCANTARA 19 place limits on m(WIMPzilla=X) vs lifetime from upper bound on ultra high energy cosmic rays at Auger experiment: e.g.  $\tau(X) < 4 \times 10^{22}$  yr for m(X) =  $10^{16}$  GeV.

- $^6$  PORAYKO 18 search for deviations in the residuals of pulsar timing data using PPTA. No signal observed. Limits set on fuzzy DM with  $3\times10^{-24}~< m(DM) < 2\times10^{-22}~eV$
- <sup>7</sup> AAD 15AT search for events with a top quark and mssing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}$  = 8 TeV with  $L=20.3~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ .
- <sup>8</sup> KHACHATRYAN 15F search for events with a top quark and mssing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=8$  TeV with L=19.7 fb $^{-1}$ .
- <sup>9</sup> AALTONEN 14J examine events with a W and two jets in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with  $L=8.9~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ . Invariant mass distributions of the two jets are consistent with the Standard Model expectation.
- $^{10}$  AAD 13A search for resonant WW production in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.7 fb $^{-1}$ .
- $^{11}$  AAD 13C search for events with a photon and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with  $L=4.6~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ .
- ^12 AALTONEN 13I search for events with a photon and missing  $E_T$ , where the photon is detected after the expected timing, in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with L=6.3 fb $^{-1}$ . The data are consistent with the Standard Model expectation.
- <sup>13</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13 search for events with an opposite-sign lepton pair, jets, and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup>.
- <sup>14</sup> AAD 12C search for events with a  $t\bar{t}$  pair and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=1.04 fb<sup>-1</sup>.
- <sup>15</sup> AALTONEN 12M search for events with a jet and missing  $E_T$  in  $p\bar{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}$  = 1.96 TeV with L=6.7 fb<sup>-1</sup>.
- $^{16}$  CHATRCHYAN 12AP search for events with a jet and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=5.0 fb $^{-1}$ .
- <sup>17</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12Q search for events with a Z, jets, and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.98 fb<sup>-1</sup>.
- $^{18}$  CHATRCHYAN 12T search for events with a photon and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with  $L=5.0~{\rm fb}^{-1}.$
- <sup>19</sup> AAD 11S search for events with one jet and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with  $L=33\,{\rm pb}^{-1}$ .
- <sup>20</sup> AALTONEN 11AF search for high- $p_T$  like-sign dileptons in  $p_{\overline{p}}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96\,{\rm TeV}$  with  $L=6.1\,{\rm fb}^{-1}$ .
- <sup>21</sup> CHATRCHYAN 11C search for events with an opposite-sign lepton pair, jets, and missing  $E_T$  in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=34 pb $^{-1}$ .
- $^{22}$  CHATRCHYAN 11U search for events with one jet and missing  $E_T$  in  $p\,p$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with  $L=36\,{\rm pb}^{-1}.$
- <sup>23</sup> AALTONEN 10AF search for  $\gamma\gamma$  events with  $e, \mu, \tau$ , or missing  $E_T$  in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with L=1.1–2.0 fb $^{-1}$ .
- <sup>24</sup> AALTONEN 09AF search for  $\ell \gamma b$  events with missing  $E_T$  in  $p \overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm} = 1.96$  TeV with L=1.9 fb $^{-1}$ . The observed events are compatible with Standard Model expectation including  $t \overline{t} \gamma$  production.
- <sup>25</sup> AALTONEN 09G search for  $\mu\mu\mu$  and  $\mu\mu e$  events with missing  $E_T$  in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with L=976 pb $^{-1}$ .

## **LIMITS ON JET-JET RESONANCES**

#### **Heavy Particle Production Cross Section**

Limits are for a particle decaying to two hadronic jets.

Units(pb) CL% Mass(GeV) DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • • 

1 AAD 20AD ATLS pp at 13 TeV, dijet resonance

± AAD	20AD	AILS	pp at 13 TeV, dijet resonance
<sup>2</sup> AAD	20T	ATLS	dijet resonance search
<sup>3</sup> AAD	20W	ATLS	dijet resonance plus lepton
<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN	20AI	CMS	dijet resonance search
<sup>5</sup> AABOUD	<b>19</b> AJ	ATLS	$pp  ightarrow \ \gamma X, \ X  ightarrow \ jj$
<sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN	<b>19</b> B	CMS	$pp \rightarrow jA, A \rightarrow b\overline{b}$
<sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN	<b>19</b> CD	CMS	$pp \rightarrow Z'\gamma, Z' \rightarrow jj$
<sup>8</sup> AABOUD	<b>18</b> AD	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow Y \rightarrow HX \rightarrow (bb) +$
<sup>9</sup> AABOUD	18ck	ATLS	$egin{array}{ll} (qq) \  ho ho  ightarrow  hobb+ ot\!\!\!E_T \end{array}$
10 AABOUD		ATLS	$pp \rightarrow bbb + pq$ $pp \rightarrow \text{vector-like quarks}$
<sup>11</sup> AABOUD		ATLS	$pp \rightarrow jj$ resonance
<sup>12</sup> SIRUNYAN		CMS	$pp \rightarrow jj$ resonance $pp \rightarrow ZZ$ or $WZ \rightarrow \ell \overline{\ell} jj$
<sup>13</sup> SIRUNYAN	18DV	CMS	$pp \rightarrow RR; R \rightarrow jj$
<sup>14</sup> KHACHATRY			$pp \rightarrow jj$ resonance
<sup>15</sup> KHACHATRY			$pp  o (8-10) j + \cancel{E}_T$
<sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN	17F	CMS	$pp \rightarrow jj$ angular distribution
<sup>17</sup> AABOUD		ATLS	$pp \rightarrow b + jet$
<sup>18</sup> AAD		ATLS	$pp  o 3 \text{ high } E_T \text{ jets}$
<sup>19</sup> AAD	16S	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow jj$ resonance
<sup>20</sup> KHACHATRY			$pp \rightarrow jj$ resonance
<sup>21</sup> KHACHATRY	.16L	CMS	$pp \rightarrow jj$ resonance
<sup>22</sup> AAD	<b>13</b> D		7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets
<sup>23</sup> AALTONEN	<b>13</b> R		1.96 TeV $p\overline{p} \rightarrow 4$ jets
<sup>24</sup> CHATRCHYAN	13A	CMS	7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets
<sup>25</sup> CHATRCHYAN	13A	CMS	7 TeV $pp \rightarrow b\overline{b}X$
<sup>26</sup> AAD	<b>12</b> S	ATLS	7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets
<sup>27</sup> CHATRCHYAN	<b>12</b> BL	CMS	7 TeV $pp \rightarrow t\overline{t}X$
<sup>28</sup> AAD	<b>11</b> AG	ATLS	7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets
<sup>29</sup> AALTONEN	<b>11</b> M	CDF	1.96 TeV $p\overline{p} \rightarrow W+$ 2 jets
30 ABAZOV	111	D0	1.96 TeV $p\overline{p} \rightarrow W+$ 2 jets
<sup>31</sup> AAD	10	ATLS	7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets
<sup>32</sup> KHACHATRY	.10	CMS	7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets
33 ABE	99F	CDF	1.8 TeV $p\overline{p} \rightarrow b\overline{b}$ + anything
34 ABE	97G	CDF	1.8 TeV $p\overline{p}  o 2$ jets
35 ABE	<b>93</b> G	CDF	1.8 TeV $p\overline{p}  o 2$ jets
<sup>35</sup> ABE	<b>93</b> G	CDF	1.8 TeV $p\overline{p}  o 2$ jets
<sup>35</sup> ABE	<b>93</b> G	CDF	1.8 TeV $p\overline{p}  o 2$ jets

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  AAD 20AD search for weakly supervised dijet resonance in ATLAS with 139 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV; no signal; various limits placed depending on kinematics and production cross section.

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95 200

95 400

95 600

< 2603

< 44

7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>AAD 20T search for dijet resonance with or without *b*-jets at 13 TeV and 139 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal; limits placed in  $\sigma$  · BF vs mass plane for various BSM models.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> AAD 20W search for dijet resonance plus lepton with ATLAS at 13 TeV and 139 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal; limits placed in  $\sigma \cdot \text{BF}$  vs. mass plane for various BSM models.

- $^4$  SIRUNYAN 20AI search for dijet resonance in CMS at 13 TeV with 137 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal; limits set in  $\sigma$  vs. mass plane for various BSM models .
- <sup>5</sup> AABOUD 19AJ search for low mass dijet resonance in  $pp \to \gamma X$ ,  $X \to jj$  at 13 TeV with 79.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data; no signal found; limits placed on Z' model in coupling vs. m(Z') plane.
- <sup>6</sup> SIRUNYAN 19B search for low mass resonance  $pp \rightarrow jA$ ,  $A \rightarrow b\overline{b}$  at 13 TeV using 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal; exclude resonances 50–350 GeV depending on production and decay.
- <sup>7</sup> SIRUNYAN 19CD search for  $pp \to Z'\gamma$ ,  $Z' \to jj$  with fat jet (jj); no signal, limits placed in m(Z') vs. coupling plane for Z' masses from 10 to 125 GeV.
- <sup>8</sup> AABOUD 18AD search for new heavy particle  $Y \to HX \to (bb) + (qq)$ . No signal observed. Limits set on m(Y) vs. m(X) in the ranges of m(Y) in 1–4 TeV and m(X) in 50–1000 GeV.
- $^9$  AABOUD 18CK search for SUSY Higgsinos in gauge-mediation via  $pp \to bbb + \not\!\!E_T$  at 13 TeV using two complementary analyses with 24.3/36.1 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal is found and Higgsinos with masses between 130 and 230 GeV and between 290 and 880 GeV are excluded at the 95% confidence level.
- <sup>10</sup> AABOUD 18CL search for  $pp \to \text{vector-like quarks} \to \text{jets}$  at 13 TeV with 36 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal seen; limits set on various VLQ scenarios. For pure  $B \to Hb$  or  $T \to Ht$ , set the mass limit m > 1010 GeV.
- <sup>11</sup> AABOUD 18N search for dijet resonance at Atlas with 13 TeV and 29.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>; limits set on m(Z') in the mass range of 450–1800 GeV.
- $^{12}$  SIRUNYAN 18DJ search for  $pp\to ZZ$  or  $WZ\to \ell \overline{\ell} jj$  resonance at 13 TeV, 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal; limits set in the 400–4500 GeV mass range, exclusion of W' up to 2270 GeV in the HVT model A, and up to 2330 GeV for HVT model B. WED bulk graviton exclusion up to 925 GeV.
- <sup>13</sup> SIRUNYAN 18DY search for  $pp \to RR$ ;  $R \to jj$  two dijet resonances at 13 TeV 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal; limits placed on RPV top-squark pair production.
- 14 KHACHATRYAN 17W search for dijet resonance in 12.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> data at 13 TeV; see Fig. 2 for limits on axigluons, diquarks, dark matter mediators etc.
- $^{15}$  KHACHATRYAN 17Y search for  $pp \to (8-10)j$  in 19.7 fb $^{-1}$  at 8 TeV. No signal seen. Limits set on colorons, axigluons, RPV, and SUSY.
- $^{16}$  SIRUNYAN 17F measure  $pp \to jj$  angular distribution in 2.6 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV; limits set on LEDs and quantum black holes.
- $^{17}$  AABOUD 16 search for resonant dijets including one or two b-jets with 3.2 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV; exclude excited  $b^*$  quark from 1.1–2.1 TeV; exclude leptophilic Z' with SM couplings from 1.1–1.5 TeV.
- $^{18}$  AAD 16N search for  $\geq$  3 jets with 3.6 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV; limits placed on micro black holes (Fig. 10) and string balls (Fig. 11).
- $^{19}$  AAD 16S search for high mass jet-jet resonance with 3.6 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV; exclude portions of excited quarks, W', Z' and contact interaction parameter space.
- $^{20}$  KHACHATRYAN 16K search for dijet resonance in 2.4 fb $^{-1}$  data at 13 TeV; see Fig. 3 for limits on axigluons, diquarks etc.
- <sup>21</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16L use data scouting technique to search for jj resonance on 18.8 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data at 8 TeV. Limits on the coupling of a leptophobic Z' to quarks are set, improving on the results by other experiments in the mass range between 500–800 GeV.
- AAD 13D search for dijet resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>. The observed events are compatible with Standard Model expectation. See their Fig. 6 and Table 2 for limits on resonance cross section in the range m=1.0–4.0 TeV.
- <sup>23</sup> AALTONEN 13R search for production of a pair of jet-jet resonances in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with L=6.6 fb $^{-1}$ . See their Fig. 5 and Tables I, II for cross section limits.
- <sup>24</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13A search for qq, qg, and gg resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>. See their Fig. 3 and Table 1 for limits on resonance cross section in the range m=1.0–4.3 TeV.

- <sup>25</sup> CHATRCHYAN 13A search for  $b\overline{b}$  resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>. See their Fig. 8 and Table 4 for limits on resonance cross section in the range m=1.0–4.0 TeV.
- <sup>26</sup> AAD 12S search for dijet resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=1.0 fb<sup>-1</sup>. See their Fig. 3 and Table 2 for limits on resonance cross section in the range m=0.9–4.0 TeV.
- = 0.9–4.0 TeV. 27 CHATRCHYAN 12BL search for  $t\bar{t}$  resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.4 fb $^{-1}$ . See their Fig. 4 for limits on resonance cross section in the range m=0.5–3.0 TeV.
- AAD 11AG search for dijet resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L = 36 pb<sup>-1</sup>. Limits on number of events for m=0.6–4 TeV are given in their Table 3.
- <sup>29</sup> AALTONEN 11M find a peak in two jet invariant mass distribution around 140 GeV in W+2 jet events in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with L = 4.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>.
- <sup>30</sup> ABAZOV 11I search for two-jet resonances in W+2 jet events in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with L = 4.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> and give limits  $\sigma<(2.6-1.3)$  pb (95% CL) for m=110-170 GeV. The result is incompatible with AALTONEN 11M.
- $^{31}$  AAD 10 search for narrow dijet resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L  $=315\,{\rm nb}^{-1}$ . Limits on the cross section in the range 10– $10^3$  pb is given for m=0.3–1.7 TeV.
- 32 KHACHATRYAN 10 search for narrow dijet resonances in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7\,{\rm TeV}$  with L = 2.9 pb<sup>-1</sup>. Limits on the cross section in the range 1–300 pb is given for m=0.5–2.6 TeV separately in the final states qq, qg, and gg.
- <sup>33</sup> ABE 99F search for narrow  $b\overline{b}$  resonances in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.8$  TeV. Limits on  $\sigma(p\overline{p}\to X+{\rm anything})\times {\rm B}(X\to b\overline{b})$  in the range 3–10<sup>3</sup> pb (95%CL) are given for  $m_X=200$ –750 GeV. See their Table I.
- <sup>34</sup> ABE 97G search for narrow dijet resonances in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions with 106 pb<sup>-1</sup> of data at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.8$  TeV. Limits on  $\sigma(p\overline{p}\to X+{\rm anything})\cdot{\rm B}(X\to jj)$  in the range  $10^4-10^{-1}$  pb (95%CL) are given for dijet mass m=200-1150 GeV with both jets having  $|\eta|<2.0$  and the dijet system having  $|{\rm cos}\theta^*|<0.67$ . See their Table I for the list of limits. Supersedes ABE 93G.
- 35 ABE 93G give cross section times branching ratio into light (d, u, s, c, b) quarks for  $\Gamma$  = 0.02 M. Their Table II gives limits for M = 200–900 GeV and  $\Gamma$  = (0.02–0.2) M.

#### LIMITS ON NEUTRAL PARTICLE PRODUCTION

# Production Cross Section of Radiatively-Decaying Neutral Particle

VALUE (pb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	e following	data for averages, fits	, limits, e	etc. • • •
		<sup>1</sup> ALBERT 18C <sup>2</sup> KHACHATRY17D	HAWC CMS	$\gamma$ from Sun $Z\gamma$ resonance
< 0.0008	95	<sup>3</sup> AAD 16A	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow \gamma + \text{jet}$
				$pp \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ resonance
<(0.043-0.17)	95	<sup>5</sup> ABBIENDI 00D	OPAL	
<(0.05-0.8)	95	<sup>6</sup> ABBIENDI 00D	OPAL	$e^+e^-  ightarrow \begin{array}{ccc} \chi^0  ightarrow & \gamma^0 \gamma \ e^+e^-  ightarrow & \chi^0 \chi^0 , \ \chi^0  ightarrow & \gamma^0 \gamma \end{array}$
<(2.5-0.5)	95	<sup>7</sup> ACKERSTAFF 97B	OPAL	$e^+e^-  ightarrow X^0 Y^0$ ,
<(1.6–0.9)	95	<sup>8</sup> ACKERSTAFF 97B	OPAL	$e^+e^-  ightarrow \begin{array}{ccc} X^0  ightarrow & Y^0 \gamma \ e^+e^-  ightarrow & X^0 X^0, \ X^0  ightarrow & Y^0 \gamma \end{array}$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ALBERT 18C search for WIMP annihilation in Sun to long-lived, radiatively decaying mediator; no signal; limits set on  $\sigma^{SD}(\chi p)$  assuming long-lived mediator.

- <sup>2</sup> KHACHATRYAN 17D search for new scalar resonance decaying to  $Z\gamma$  with  $Z\to e^+e^-$ ,  $\mu^+\mu^-$  in pp collisions at 8 and 13 TeV; no signal seen.
- <sup>3</sup> AAD 16AI search for excited quarks (EQ) and quantum black holes (QBH) in 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 13 TeV of data; exclude EQ below 4.4 TeV and QBH below 3.8 (6.2) TeV for RS1 (ADD) models. The visible cross section limit was obtained for 5 TeV resonance with  $\sigma_G/M_G=2\%$ .
- $^4$  KHACHATRYAN 16M search for  $\gamma\gamma$  resonance using 19.7 fb $^{-1}$  at 8 TeV and 3.3 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV; slight excess at 750 GeV noted; limit set on RS graviton.
- <sup>5</sup> ABBIENDI 00D associated production limit is for  $m_{\chi 0}=$  90–188 GeV,  $m_{\gamma 0}=$ 0 at  $E_{\rm cm}=$ 189 GeV. See also their Fig. 9.
- <sup>6</sup> ABBIENDI 00D pair production limit is for  $m_{\chi^0}=45$ –94 GeV,  $m_{\gamma^0}=0$  at  $E_{\rm cm}=189$  GeV. See also their Fig. 12.
- $^7$  ACKERSTAFF 97B associated production limit is for  $m_{\chi 0}=$  80–160 GeV,  $m_{\gamma 0}=$  0 from 10.0 pb $^{-1}$  at  $E_{\rm cm}=$  161 GeV. See their Fig. 3(a).
- <sup>8</sup> ACKERSTAFF 97B pair production limit is for  $m_{\chi^0}=40$ –80 GeV,  $m_{\gamma^0}=0$  from  $10.0\,{\rm pb}^{-1}$  at  $E_{\rm cm}=161$  GeV. See their Fig. 3(b).

## **Heavy Particle Production Cross Section**

VALUE (cm<sup>2</sup>/N) CL% DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<sup>1</sup> AAD	21F	ATLS	monojet search
<sup>2</sup> AAIJ	20AI	LHCB	pp at 13 TeV, dimuon resonance
3 SIRUNY	AN 20A	CMS	$\Upsilon(1S)\mu^+\mu^-$ decay states
<sup>4</sup> SIRUNY		CMS	multilepton BSM search, 13 TeV
<sup>5</sup> AABOUI	О 19н	ATLS	di-photon-jet resonance
<sup>6</sup> AABOUI	D 19V	ATLS	ATLAS review, mediator- based DM
<sup>7</sup> SIRUNY	AN 190	CMS	$pp  o \gamma \not\!\!E_T$
<sup>8</sup> AABOUI		ATLS	$pp \rightarrow VV/\ell\ell/\ell\nu, V = W,Z,h$
<sup>9</sup> AABOUI	D 18CI	иATLS	$pp  ightarrow e \mu/e au/\mu au$
<sup>10</sup> AAIJ	18A.	LHCB	$pp  ightarrow A'  ightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-;$ dark photon
<sup>11</sup> BANERJ	IEE 18	NA64	$eZ \rightarrow eZX(A')$
<sup>12</sup> BANERJ	IEE 18A	NA64	$eZ \rightarrow eZA', A' \rightarrow \chi\chi$
<sup>13</sup> MARSIC	ANO 18	E137	$e^+e^- ightarrow~A'(\gamma)$ visible
14 SIRUNY	ΛΝ 10pi	3 CMS	decay $pp \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ at 13
		S CIVIS	$pp \rightarrow Z \rightarrow \ell \cdot \ell$ at 13
<sup>15</sup> SIRUNY	<b>AN 18</b> D	A CMS	$pp \rightarrow Black \; Hole, \; string$ ball, sphaleron
<sup>16</sup> SIRUNY	<b>AN 18</b> D	D CMS	$pp \rightarrow jj$
<sup>17</sup> SIRUNY	<b>AN 18</b> D	R CMS	$pp \rightarrow b\mu\overline{\mu}$
<sup>18</sup> SIRUNY	AN 18D	U CMS	$pp \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$
<sup>19</sup> SIRUNY	AN 18EI	CMS	$pp \rightarrow V \rightarrow Wh; h \rightarrow b\overline{b}; W \rightarrow \ell \nu$
<sup>20</sup> AABOUI	) 1 <b>7</b> R	ATLS	WH, ZH resonance
<sup>21</sup> AAIJ		R LHCB	$pp \rightarrow \pi_V \pi_V, \pi_V \rightarrow jj$
<sup>22</sup> AAD		ATLS	$\ell + (\ell s \text{ or jets})$

		<sup>23</sup> AAD	<b>16</b> R	ATLS	WW, $WZ$ , $ZZ$ resonance
		<sup>24</sup> KRASZNAHO.	.16		$p^7 \text{Li} \rightarrow {}^8 \text{Be} \rightarrow X(17) N$ ,
					$X(17)  ightarrow e^+ e^-$
		<sup>25</sup> LEES	15E	BABR	$e^+e^-$ collisions
		<sup>26</sup> ADAMS	<b>97</b> B	KTEV	<i>m</i> = 1.2−5 GeV
$< 10^{-36} - 10^{-33}$	90	<sup>27</sup> GALLAS	95	TOF	m = 0.5-20  GeV
$<(4-0.3) \times 10^{-31}$ $<2 \times 10^{-36}$	95	<sup>28</sup> AKESSON	91	CNTR	m=0–5 GeV
$< 2 \times 10^{-36}$	90	<sup>29</sup> BADIER	86	BDMP	$\tau = (0.05-1.) \times 10^{-8} \text{s}$
$< 2.5 \times 10^{-35}$		<sup>30</sup> GUSTAFSON	76	CNTR	$ au > 10^{-7}  ext{ s}$

- $^1$  AAD 21F search for hard monojet production at ATLAS with 139  $^{-1}$  of 13 TeV data. No signal observed. Limits placed on invisible production cross-section recoiling against ISR and interpreted in variety of BSM models.
- $^2\,\text{AAIJ}$  20AL search for dimuon resonance from promptly decaying X particle; no signal; limits placed on m(X) up to 60 GeV depending on mixing in 2HDM .
- <sup>3</sup> SIRUNYAN 20AY measured  $\Upsilon(1S)$  pair production cross section and searched for new states decaying into  $\Upsilon(1S)\,\mu^+\,\mu^-$  at CMS with 13 TeV with 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>. No signal is found and limits are set in  $\sigma \cdot \text{BF}$  vs. mass plane for tetra-b-quarks with masses between 17.5 and 19 GeV and for generic search for narrow resonances with mass between 16.5 and 27 GeV.
- $^4$  SIRUNYAN 20Z search for BSM physics via multilepton production with CMS at 13 TeV with 137 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal is found and limits are set on type-III seesaw and other BSM models.
- <sup>5</sup> AABOUD 19H searches for di-photon-jet resonance at 13 TeV and 36.7 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data; no signal found and limits placed on  $\sigma \cdot BR$  vs. mass plane for various simplified models.
- $^6$  AABOUD 19V review ATLAS searches for mediator-based DM at 7, 8, and 13 TeV with up to 37 fb $^{-1}$  of data; no signal found and limits set for wide variety of simplified models of dark matter.
- $^7$  SIRUNYAN 190 search for  $pp\to \gamma \not\!\! E_T$  at 13 TeV with 36.1 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal found and limits set for various simplified models.
- <sup>8</sup> AABOUD 18CJ make multichannel search for  $pp \to VV/\ell\ell/\ell\nu$ , V=W,Z,h at 13 TeV, 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal found; limits placed for several BSM models.
- <sup>9</sup> AABOUD 18CM search for lepton-flavor violating resonance in  $pp \to e\mu/e\tau/\mu\tau$  at 13 TeV, 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal is found and limits placed for various BSM models.
- <sup>10</sup> AAIJ 18AJ search for prompt and delayed dark photon decay  $A' \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$  at LHCb detector using 1.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at 13 TeV; limits on m(A') vs. kinetic mixing are set.
- <sup>11</sup> BANERJEE 18 search for dark photon A'/16.7 MeV boson X at NA64 via  $eZ \rightarrow eZX(A')$ ; no signal found and limits set on the  $X-e^-$  coupling  $\epsilon_e$  in the range  $1.3 \times 10^{-4} \le \epsilon_e \le 4.2 \times 10^{-4}$  excluding part of the allowed parameter space.
- <sup>12</sup> BANERJEE 18A search for invisibly decaying dark photons in  $eZ \rightarrow eZA'$ ,  $A' \rightarrow$  invisible; no signal found and limits set on mixing for m(A') < 1 GeV.
- <sup>13</sup> MARSICANO 18 search for dark photon  $e^+e^- \rightarrow A'(\gamma)$  visible decay in SLAC E137 e beam dump data. No signal observed and limits set in  $\epsilon$  coupling vs m(A') plane, see their figure 7.
- <sup>14</sup> SIRUNYAN 18BB search for high mass dilepton resonance; no signal found and exclude portions of p-space of Z', KK graviton models.
- <sup>15</sup> SIRUNYAN 18DA search for  $pp \to \text{Black Hole}$ , string ball, sphaleron via high multiplicity events at 13 TeV, 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal, require e.g. m(BH) > 10.1 TeV.
- <sup>16</sup> SIRUNYAN 18DD search for  $pp \rightarrow jj$  deviations in dijet angular distribution. No signal observed. Set limits on large extra dimensions, black holes and DM mediators e.g. m(BH) > 5.9–8.2 TeV
- <sup>17</sup> SIRUNYAN 18DR search for dimuon resonance in  $pp \to b\mu\overline{\mu}$  at 8 and 13 TeV. Slight excess seen at m( $\mu\overline{\mu}$ )  $\sim$  28 GeV in some channels.

- <sup>18</sup> SIRUNYAN 18DU search for high mass diphoton resonance in  $pp \to \gamma \gamma$  at 13 TeV using 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal; limits placed on RS Graviton, LED, and clockwork.
- <sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN 18ED search for  $pp \to V \to Wh$ ;  $h \to b\overline{b}$ ;  $W \to \ell\nu$  at 13 TeV with 35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal; limits set on m(W') > 2.9 TeV.
- <sup>20</sup> AABOUD 17B exclude m(W', Z') < 1.49–2.31 TeV depending on the couplings and W'/Z' degeneracy assumptions via WH, ZH search in pp collisions at 13 TeV with 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data.
- 21 AAIJ 17BR search for long-lived hidden valley pions from Higgs decay. Limits are set on the signal strength as a function of the mass and lifetime of the long-lived particle in their Fig. 4 and Tab. 4.
- <sup>22</sup> AAD 160 search for high  $E_T$   $\ell$  + ( $\ell$ s or jets) with 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 13 TeV; exclude micro black holes mass < 8 TeV (Fig. 3) for models with two extra dimensions.
- <sup>23</sup> AAD 16R search for WW, WZ, ZZ resonance in 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 8 TeV data; limits placed on massive RS graviton (Fig. 4).
- <sup>24</sup> KRASZNAHORKAY 16 report  $p \text{Li} \rightarrow \text{Be} \rightarrow e \overline{e} N 5 \sigma$  resonance at 16.7 MeV– possible evidence for nuclear interference or new light boson . However, such nuclear interference was ruled out already by ZANG 17.
- <sup>25</sup> LEES 15E search for long-lived neutral particles produced in  $e^+e^-$  collisions in the Upsilon region, which decays into  $e^+e^-$ ,  $\mu^+\mu^-$ ,  $e^\pm\mu^\mp$ ,  $\pi^+\pi^-$ ,  $K^+K^-$ , or  $\pi^\pm K^\mp$ . See their Fig. 2 for cross section limits.
- $^{26}$  ADAMS 97B search for a hadron-like neutral particle produced in  $p\,N$  interactions, which decays into a  $\rho^0$  and a weakly interacting massive particle. Upper limits are given for the ratio to  $K_L$  production for the mass range 1.2–5 GeV and lifetime  $10^{-9}$ – $10^{-4}$  s. See also our Light Gluino Section.
- $^{27}$  GALLAS 95 limit is for a weakly interacting neutral particle produced in 800 GeV/c p N interactions decaying with a lifetime of  $10^{-4}$ – $10^{-8}$  s. See their Figs. 8 and 9. Similar limits are obtained for a stable particle with interaction cross section  $10^{-29}$ – $10^{-33}$  cm $^2$ . See Fig. 10.
- $^{28}$  AKESSON 91 limit is from weakly interacting neutral long-lived particles produced in pN reaction at 450 GeV/c performed at CERN SPS. Bourquin-Gaillard formula is used as the production model. The above limit is for  $\tau > 10^{-7}$  s. For  $\tau > 10^{-9}$  s,  $\sigma < 10^{-30}$  cm $^{-2}$ /nucleon is obtained.
- <sup>29</sup> BADIER 86 looked for long-lived particles at 300 GeV  $\pi^-$  beam dump. The limit applies for nonstrongly interacting neutral or charged particles with mass >2 GeV. The limit applies for particle modes,  $\mu^+\pi^-$ ,  $\mu^+\mu^-$ ,  $\pi^+\pi^-$ X,  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm$  etc. See their figure 5 for the contours of limits in the mass- $\tau$  plane for each mode.
- $^{30}$  GUSTAFSON 76 is a 300 GeV FNAL experiment looking for heavy (m>2 GeV) long-lived neutral hadrons in the M4 neutral beam. The above typical value is for m=3 GeV and assumes an interaction cross section of 1 mb. Values as a function of mass and interaction cross section are given in figure 2.

#### Production of New Penetrating Non- $\nu$ Like States in Beam Dump

 VALUE
 DOCUMENT ID
 TECN
 COMMENT

 • • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

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<sup>1</sup> ANDREEV 21 search for new invisibly decaying boson X in  $eZ \rightarrow eZX$  at NA64. No signal observed. Limits set in coupling vs. m(X) plane for m(X)  $\sim 10^{-3}$  to 1 GeV.

 $^2$  No excess neutral-current events leads to  $\sigma(\text{production}) \times \sigma(\text{interaction}) \times \text{acceptance}$   $< 2.26 \times 10^{-71} \text{ cm}^4/\text{nucleon}^2$  (CL = 90%) for light neutrals. Acceptance depends on models (0.1 to 4.  $\times$  10<sup>-4</sup>).

#### LIMITS ON CHARGED PARTICLES IN e+e-

#### Heavy Particle Production Cross Section in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup>

Ratio to  $\sigma(e^+e^- \to \mu^+\mu^-)$  unless noted. See also entries in Free Quark Search and Magnetic Monopole Searches.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TEC	CN COMMENT
ullet $ullet$ We do not use	the follow	wing data for avera	ges, fits, I	imits, etc. • • •
		$^{ m 1}$ KILE	18 ALI	EP $e^+e^- o$ 4 jets
$< 1 \times 10^{-3}$	90	<sup>2</sup> ABLIKIM		S3 $e^+e^- ightarrow~\ell \overline{\ell} \gamma$
		<sup>3</sup> ACKERSTAFF	98P OP	AL <i>Q</i> =1,2/3, <i>m</i> =45–89.5 GeV
		<sup>4</sup> ABREU	97D DL	PH <i>Q</i> =1,2/3, <i>m</i> =45–84 GeV
		<sup>5</sup> BARATE	97K ALI	EP <i>Q</i> =1, <i>m</i> =45–85 GeV
$< 2 \times 10^{-5}$	95	<sup>6</sup> AKERS	95R OP	AL <i>Q</i> =1, <i>m</i> = 5–45 GeV
$< 1 \times 10^{-5}$	95	<sup>6</sup> AKERS	95R OP	AL <i>Q</i> =2, <i>m</i> = 5–45 GeV
$< 2 \times 10^{-3}$	90	<sup>7</sup> BUSKULIC	93C ALI	EP <i>Q</i> =1, <i>m</i> =32–72 GeV
$<(10^{-2}-1)$	95	<sup>8</sup> ADACHI	90c TO	PZ <i>Q</i> =1, <i>m</i> =1–16, 18–27 GeV
$< 7 \times 10^{-2}$	90	<sup>9</sup> ADACHI	90E TO	PZ $Q = 1$ , $m = 5-25$ GeV
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-2}$	95	<sup>10</sup> KINOSHITA	82 PL/	AS $Q=3-180, m < 14.5 \text{ GeV}$
$< 5.0 \times 10^{-2}$	90	<sup>11</sup> BARTEL	80 JAI	DE $Q=(3,4,5)/3 2-12 \text{ GeV}$

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  KILE 18 investigate archived ALEPH  $e^{+}\,e^{-} \rightarrow \,$  4 jets data and see 4–5  $\sigma$  excess at 110 GeV.

GeV.  $^2$  ABLIKIM 17AA search for dark photon  $A\to\ell\bar\ell$  at 3.773 GeV with 2.93 fb $^{-1}.$  Limits are set in  $\epsilon$  vs m(A) plane.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  ACKERSTAFF 98P search for pair production of long-lived charged particles at  $E_{\rm cm}$  between 130 and 183 GeV and give limits  $\sigma < \! (0.05\text{--}0.2)\,\rm pb$  (95%CL) for spin-0 and spin-1/2 particles with  $m{=}45{-}89.5$  GeV, charge 1 and 2/3. The limit is translated to the cross section at  $E_{\rm cm}{=}183$  GeV with the s dependence described in the paper. See their Figs. 2–4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> ABREU 97D search for pair production of long-lived particles and give limits  $\sigma < (0.4-2.3)$  pb (95%CL) for various center-of-mass energies  $E_{\rm cm} = 130-136$ , 161, and 172 GeV, assuming an almost flat production distribution in  $\cos\theta$ .

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  BARATE 97K search for pair production of long-lived charged particles at  $E_{\rm Cm}=130,\,136,\,161,\,$  and 172 GeV and give limits  $\sigma<(0.2-0.4)$  pb (95%CL) for spin-0 and spin-1/2 particles with m=45-85 GeV. The limit is translated to the cross section at  $E_{\rm cm}=172$  GeV with the  $E_{\rm cm}$  dependence described in the paper. See their Figs. 2 and 3 for limits on J=1/2 and J=0 cases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> AKERS 95R is a CERN-LEP experiment with W<sub>cm</sub>  $\sim m_Z$ . The limit is for the production of a stable particle in multihadron events normalized to  $\sigma(e^+e^- \to \text{hadrons})$ . Constant phase space distribution is assumed. See their Fig. 3 for bounds for  $Q=\pm 2/3$ ,  $\pm 4/3$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> BUSKULIC 93C is a CERN-LEP experiment with  $W_{cm} = m_Z$ . The limit is for a pair or single production of heavy particles with unusual ionization loss in TPC. See their Fig. 5 and Table 1.

and Table 1.  $^8$  ADACHI 90C is a KEK-TRISTAN experiment with W $_{\rm cm}=52$ –60 GeV. The limit is for pair production of a scalar or spin-1/2 particle. See Figs. 3 and 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> ADACHI 90E is KEK-TRISTAN experiment with W<sub>cm</sub> = 52–61.4 GeV. The above limit is for inclusive production cross section normalized to  $\sigma(e^+e^-\to \mu^+\mu^-)\cdot\beta(3-\beta^2)/2$ , where  $\beta=(1-4m^2/W_{cm}^2)^{1/2}$ . See the paper for the assumption about the production mechanism.

mechanism.  $^{10}\,\text{KINOSHITA}$  82 is SLAC PEP experiment at  $\text{W}_{\text{cm}}=29\,\text{GeV}$  using lexan and  $^{39}\text{Cr}$  plastic sheets sensitive to highly ionizing particles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> BARTEL 80 is DESY-PETRA experiment with  $W_{cm}=27$ -35 GeV. Above limit is for inclusive pair production and ranges between  $1.\times10^{-1}$  and  $1.\times10^{-2}$  depending on mass and production momentum distributions. (See their figures 9, 10, 11).

# Branching Fraction of $Z^0$ to a Pair of Stable Charged Heavy Fermions

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT II	)	TECN	COMMENT	
• • • We do not use	e the followin	g data for averag	ges, fits,	limits,	etc. • • •	
$< 5 \times 10^{-6}$	95	<sup>1</sup> AKERS	<b>95</b> R	OPAL	<i>m</i> = 40.4–45.6 GeV	
$< 1 \times 10^{-3}$	95	AKRAWY	900	OPAL	m = 29-40  GeV	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AKERS 95R give the 95% CL limit  $\sigma(X\overline{X})/\sigma(\mu\mu) < 1.8 \times 10^{-4}$  for the pair production of singly- or doubly-charged stable particles. The limit applies for the mass range 40.4–45.6 GeV for  $X^{\pm}$  and < 45.6 GeV for  $X^{\pm\pm}$ . See the paper for bounds for  $Q=\pm 2/3,\,\pm 4/3.$ 

#### LIMITS ON CHARGED PARTICLES IN HADRONIC REACTIONS

## MASS LIMITS for Long-Lived Charged Heavy Fermions

Limits are for spin 1/2 particles with no color and  $SU(2)_L$  charge. The electric charge Q of the particle (in the unit of e) is therefore equal to its weak hypercharge. Pair production by Drell-Yan like  $\gamma$  and Z exchange is assumed to derive the limits.

<i>VALUE</i> (GeV)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not	use the followin	ng data for averages,	fits, limits,	etc. • • •
			ON CMS	disappearing track LLP
>660	95	<sup>2</sup> AAD 1	.5BJ ATLS	Q =2
>200	95	<sup>3</sup> CHATRCHYAN 1	3AB CMS	Q  = 1/3
>480	95	<sup>3</sup> CHATRCHYAN 1	3AB CMS	Q  = 2/3
>574	95	<sup>3</sup> CHATRCHYAN 1	3AB CMS	Q  = 1
>685	95	<sup>3</sup> CHATRCHYAN 1	3AB CMS	Q =2
>140	95	<sup>4</sup> CHATRCHYAN 1	.3AR CMS	Q  = 1/3
>310	95	<sup>4</sup> CHATRCHYAN 1	3AR CMS	Q  = 2/3

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  SIRUNYAN 20N search for LLPs using disappearing track signature at CMS at 13 TeV with 101 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal; limits placed on long-lived winos and higgsinos from SUSY depending on mass and lifetime: e.g. at 95% CL, for a purely higgsino neurtalino, m(chargino) > 750 (175) GeV for  $\tau=$  3 (0.05) ns, and for a purely wino neutralino, m(chargino) > 884 (474) GeV for  $\tau=$  3 (0.2) ns.

#### **Heavy Particle Production Cross Section**

VALUE (nb) CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following	owing data for ave	rages, fits, lim	its, etc. • • •
o o o vve do not use the follow	1 SIRUNYAN 2 SIRUNYAN 3 AABOUD 4 AABOUD 5 AABOUD 6 AABOUD 7 SIRUNYAN 8 SIRUNYAN 9 SIRUNYAN	21T CMS 20C CMS 19AA ATLS 19Q ATLS 17D ATLS 17L ATLS 17B CMS 17C CMS 17J CMS	model independent search $4t$ search via multileptons BSM search single top +MET anomalous $WWjj$ , $WZjj$ $m>870$ GeV, $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)tX$ $tH$ $Z+(t \text{ or } b)$ $X_{5/3} \rightarrow tW$
	<sup>10</sup> AAIJ	15BD LHCB	<i>m</i> =124-309 GeV

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> AAD 15BJ use 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> of pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=8$  TeV. See paper for limits for |Q|=3,4,5,6.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  CHATRCHYAN 13AB use 5.0 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV and 18.8 fb $^{-1}$  at  $E_{\rm cm}=8$  TeV. See paper for limits for  $\left|Q\right|=3,\,4,\ldots,\,8.$ 

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  CHATRCHYAN 13AR use 5.0 fb $^{-1}$  of pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV.

		<sup>11</sup> AAD	13AH	ATLS	q =(2-6)e, $m=50-600$ GeV
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$	95	<sup>12</sup> AAD	111	ATLS	q =10e, m=0.2-1  TeV
$< 1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	95 13	3,14 AALTONEN	09Z	CDF	m>100 GeV, noncolored
$< 4.8 \times 10^{-5}$	95 13	<sup>3,15</sup> AALTONEN	09Z	CDF	m>100 GeV, colored
$< 0.31 - 0.04 \times 10^{-3}$	95	<sup>16</sup> ABAZOV	09м	D0	pair production
< 0.19	95	<sup>17</sup> AKTAS	<b>04</b> C	H1	<i>m</i> =3–10 GeV
< 0.05	95	<sup>18</sup> ABE	92J	CDF	<i>m</i> =50-200 GeV
<30-130		<sup>19</sup> CARROLL	78	SPEC	<i>m</i> =2–2.5 GeV
<100		<sup>20</sup> LEIPUNER	73	CNTR	<i>m</i> =3−11 GeV

- $^1$  SIRUNYAN 21T perform model unspecific search for deviations from SM with CMS at 13 TeV with  $35.9^{-1}$  fb data in numerous signature channels. No deviations from SM found.
- <sup>2</sup> SIRUNYAN 20C search for four top-quark production with decay to multileptons at CMS at 13 TeV with 137 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal is found and limits are placed on the Higgs boson oblique parameter in the effective field theory framework (EFT) and the model parameters  $(\tan \beta)$ .
- $^3$  AABOUD 19AA search for BSM physics at 13 TeV with 3.2 fb $^{-1}$  in  $> 10^5$  regions of > 700 event classes; no significant signal found.
- <sup>4</sup> AABOUD 19Q search for single top+MET events at 13 TeV with 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data; no signal found and limits set in  $\sigma$  or coupling vs. mass plane for variety of simplified models including DM and vector-like top quark T.
- <sup>5</sup> AABOUD 17D search for WWjj, WZjj in pp collisions at 8 TeV with 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup>; set limits on anomalous couplings.
- <sup>6</sup> AABOUD 17L search for the pair production of heavy vector-like T quarks in the  $Z(\rightarrow \nu\nu)tX$  final state.
- $^7$  SIRUNYAN 17B search for vector-like quark  $pp \to TX \to tHX$  in 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV; no signal seen; limits placed.
- <sup>8</sup> SIRUNYAN 17C search for vector-like quark  $pp \to TX \to Z + (t \text{ or } b)$  in 2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 13 TeV; no signal seen; limits placed.
- $^9$  SIRUNYAN 17J search for  $pp\to X_{5/3}X_{5/3}\to t\,W\,t\,W$  with 2.3 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV. No signal seen: m(X) > 1020 (990) GeV for RH (LH) new charge 5/3 quark.
- $^{10}$  AAIJ 15BD search for production of long-lived particles in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  and 8 TeV. See their Table 6 for cross section limits.
- <sup>11</sup> AAD 13AH search for production of long-lived particles with |q|=(2-6)e in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with 4.4 fb<sup>-1</sup>. See their Fig. 8 for cross section limits.
- $^{12}$  AAD  $^{11}$  search for production of highly ionizing massive particles in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7\,{\rm TeV}$  with L  $=3.1~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ . See their Table 5 for similar limits for  $|{\bf q}|=6e$  and 17e, Table 6 for limits on pair production cross section.
- <sup>13</sup> AALTONEN 09Z search for long-lived charged particles in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with  $L=1.0~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ . The limits are on production cross section for a particle of mass above 100 GeV in the region  $|\eta|\lesssim 0.7, p_T>40$  GeV, and  $0.4<\beta<1.0$ .
- <sup>14</sup>Limit for weakly interacting charge-1 particle.
- <sup>15</sup> Limit for up-quark like particle.
- $^{16}$  ABAZOV 09M search for pair production of long-lived charged particles in  $p\overline{p}$  collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=1.96$  TeV with L=1.1 fb $^{-1}$ . Limit on the cross section of (0.31–0.04) pb (95% CL) is given for the mass range of 60–300 GeV, assuming the kinematics of stau pair production.
- <sup>17</sup> AKTAS 04C look for charged particle photoproduction at HERA with mean c.m. energy of 200 GeV.
- $^{18}$  ABE 92J look for pair production of unit-charged particles which leave detector before decaying. Limit shown here is for m=50 GeV. See their Fig. 5 for different charges and stronger limits for higher mass.

## Heavy Particle Production Differential Cross Section

VALUE							
$(\text{cm}^2\text{sr}^{-1}\text{GeV}^{-1})$	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN CHG	COMMENT		
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •							
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-36}$	90	<sup>1</sup> BALDIN	76	CNTR -	Q=1, $m=2.1-9.4$ GeV		
$< 2.2 \times 10^{-33}$	90	<sup>2</sup> ALBROW	75	SPEC $\pm$	$Q=\pm1$ , $m=4-15$ GeV		
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-33}$	90	<sup>2</sup> ALBROW	75	SPEC $\pm$	$Q=\pm 2$ , $m=6-27$ GeV		
$< 8. \times 10^{-35}$	90	<sup>3</sup> JOVANOV	75	CNTR $\pm$	<i>m</i> =15–26 GeV		
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-34}$	90	<sup>3</sup> JOVANOV	75	CNTR $\pm$	$Q=\pm2$ , $m=3-10$ GeV		
$< 6. \times 10^{-35}$	90	<sup>3</sup> JOVANOV	75	CNTR $\pm$	$Q=\pm2$ , $m=10-26$ GeV		
$< 1. \times 10^{-31}$	90	<sup>4</sup> APPEL	74	CNTR $\pm$	<i>m</i> =3.2–7.2 GeV		
$<$ 5.8 $\times$ 10 <sup>-34</sup>	90	<sup>5</sup> ALPER	73	SPEC $\pm$	<i>m</i> =1.5–24 GeV		
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-35}$	90	<sup>6</sup> ANTIPOV	<b>71</b> B	CNTR -	Q=-, m=2.2-2.8		
$< 2.4 \times 10^{-35}$	90	<sup>7</sup> ANTIPOV	<b>71</b> C	CNTR -	Q=-, m=1.2-1.7, $2.1-4$		
$<2.4 \times 10^{-35}$ $<1.5 \times 10^{-36}$ $<3.0 \times 10^{-36}$	90	BINON <sup>8</sup> DORFAN <sup>8</sup> DORFAN	69 65 65	CNTR - CNTR CNTR	Q=-, $m=1-1.8$ GeV Be target $m=3-7$ GeV Fe target $m=3-7$ GeV		

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ BALDIN 76 is a 70 GeV Serpukhov experiment. Value is per Al nucleus at heta= 0. For other charges in range -0.5 to -3.0, CL = 90% limit is  $(2.6 \times 10^{-36})/|(\text{charge})|$  for mass range (2.1–9.4 GeV)  $\times$  |(charge)|. Assumes stable particle interacting with matter

#### Long-Lived Heavy Particle Invariant Cross Section

VALUE						
$(cm^2/GeV^2/N)$	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
• • • We do not us	se the follo	owing data for ave	erages	, fits, lim	its, et	c. • • •
$< 5-700 \times 10^{-35}$	90	$^{ m 1}$ BERNSTEIN	88	CNTR		
$< 5-700 \times 10^{-37}$	90	$^{ m 1}$ BERNSTEIN	88	CNTR		
$< 2.5 \times 10^{-36}$	90	<sup>2</sup> THRON	85	CNTR	_	Q=1, $m=4-12$ GeV
$<1. \times 10^{-35}$	90	<sup>2</sup> THRON	85	CNTR	+	Q=1, m=4-12  GeV
$< 6. \times 10^{-33}$	90	<sup>3</sup> ARMITAGE	79	SPEC		m=1.87 GeV
$< 1.5 \times 10^{-33}$	90	<sup>3</sup> ARMITAGE	79	SPEC		m=1.5-3.0  GeV
		<sup>4</sup> BOZZOLI	79	CNTR	$\pm$	Q = (2/3, 1, 4/3, 2)
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-37}$	90	<sup>5</sup> CUTTS	78	CNTR		m=4-10 GeV
$< 3.0 \times 10^{-37}$	90	<sup>6</sup> VIDAL	78	CNTR		m=4.5-6  GeV

 $<sup>^{19}</sup>$  CARROLL 78 look for neutral, S=-2 dihyperon resonance in  $pp \to 2K^+$  X. Cross section varies within above limits over mass range and  $p_{\mathsf{lab}}=5.1$ –5.9 GeV/c.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> LEIPUNER 73 is an NAL 300 GeV p experiment. Would have detected particles with lifetime greater than 200 ns.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  ALBROW 75 is a CERN ISR experiment with  $E_{
m cm}=53$  GeV.  $\theta=40$  mr. See figure 5 for mass ranges up to 35 GeV.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  JOVANOVICH 75 is a CERN ISR 26+26 and 15+15 GeV pp experiment. Figure 4 covers ranges Q=1/3 to 2 and m=3 to 26 GeV. Value is per GeV momentum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>APPEL 74 is NAL 300 GeV pW experiment. Studies forward production of heavy (up to 24 GeV) charged particles with momenta 24-200 GeV (-charge) and 40-150 GeV (+charge). Above typical value is for 75 GeV and is per GeV momentum per nucleon.  $^5$  ALPER 73 is CERN ISR 26+26 GeV pp experiment. p > 0.9 GeV,  $0.2 < \beta < 0.65$ .  $^6$  ANTIPOV 71B is from same 70 GeV p experiment as ANTIPOV 71C and BINON 69.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> ANTIPOV 71C limit inferred from flux ratio. 70 GeV p experiment.

 $<sup>^{8}</sup>$  DORFAN 65 is a 30 GeV/c p experiment at BNL. Units are per GeV momentum per

# Long-Lived Heavy Particle Production ( $\sigma(\text{Heavy Particle}) / \sigma(\pi)$ )

VALUE	<u>EVTS</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
• • • We do not i	use the following	data for average	s, fits,	limits, e	etc. •	• •
$< 10^{-8}$						$Q = (-5/3, \pm 2)$
	0	<sup>2</sup> BUSSIERE	80	CNTR	$\pm$	Q=(2/3,1,4/3,2)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NAKAMURA 89 is KEK experiment with 12 GeV protons on Pt target. The limit applies for mass  $\lesssim 1.6$  GeV and lifetime  $\gtrsim 10^{-7}$  s.

#### Production and Capture of Long-Lived Massive Particles

$VALUE (10^{-36} \text{ cm}^2)$	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the follow	fits, limi	ts, etc. • • •		
	<sup>1</sup> AAD	21X	ATLS	search for captured LLPs
	<sup>2</sup> ACHARYA	21	INDU	dyons production, capture
<20 to 800	<sup>3</sup> ALEKSEEV	76	ELEC	$ au{=}5$ ms to $1$ day
<200 to 2000	<sup>3</sup> ALEKSEEV	<b>76</b> B	ELEC	$ au{=}100$ ms to 1 day
<1.4 to 9	<sup>4</sup> FRANKEL	75	CNTR	$ au{=}50$ ms to $10$ hours
<0.1 to 9	<sup>5</sup> FRANKEL	74	CNTR	$ au{=}1$ to 1000 hours

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  AAD 21X search for LLPs which come to rest in ATLAS detector to deposit energy between collisions. No signal observed in 111 fb $^{-1}$  of data. Limits placed in lifetime vs. mass place assuming model with gluino hadrons: e.g. m > 1.4 TeV for  $\tau \sim 10^{-5}$  to  $^{10^3}$  sec.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> BERNSTEIN 88 limits apply at x=0.2 and  $p_T=0$ . Mass and lifetime dependence of limits are shown in the regions: m=1.5–7.5 GeV and  $\tau=10^{-8}$ –2  $\times$  10<sup>-6</sup> s. First number is for hadrons; second is for weakly interacting particles.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  THRON 85 is FNAL 400 GeV proton experiment. Mass determined from measured velocity and momentum. Limits are for  $au > 3 imes 10^{-9}$  s.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>ARMITAGE 79 is CERN-ISR experiment at  $E_{\rm cm}=53$  GeV. Value is for x=0.1 and  $p_T=0.15$ . Observed particles at m=1.87 GeV are found all consistent with being antideuterons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>BOZZOLI 79 is CERN-SPS 200 GeV pN experiment. Looks for particle with  $\tau$  larger than  $10^{-8}$  s. See their figure 11–18 for production cross-section upper limits vs mass.

 $<sup>^5</sup>$  CUTTS 78 is p Be experiment at FNAL sensitive to particles of  $au > 5 imes 10^{-8}$  s. Value is for -0.3 < x < 0 and  $p_T = 0.175$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> VIDAL 78 is FNAL 400 GeV proton experiment. Value is for x = 0 and  $p_T = 0$ . Puts lifetime limit of  $< 5 \times 10^{-8}$  s on particle in this mass range.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> BUSSIERE 80 is CERN-SPS experiment with 200–240 GeV protons on Be and Al target. See their figures 6 and 7 for cross-section ratio vs mass.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  ACHARYA 21 search for dyons (carrying electric and magnetic charge) and monopoles via production and capture in 6.46 fb $^{-1}$  of 13 TeV LHC data. No signal observed. Limits placed in mass vs. magnetic charge plane.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  ALEKSEEV 76 and ALEKSEEV 76B are 61–70 GeV p Serpukhov experiment. Cross section is per Pb nucleus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> FRANKEL 75 is extension of FRANKEL 74.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> FRANKEL 74 looks for particles produced in thick Al targets by 300–400 GeV/c protons.

#### Long-Lived Particle (LLP) Search at Hadron Collisions

Limits are for cross section times branching ratio.

VALU	IE (fb)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• •	• We do	not use t	he following data fo	or ave	rages, fit	ts, limits, etc. • •
			$^{ m 1}$ AAD	21AL	ATLS	charged LLPs search
			<sup>2</sup> AAD	<b>21</b> BA	ATLS	LLP from higgs decay search
			<sup>3</sup> AAIJ	21v	LHCB	$LLP  o \ e\mu u$ search
			<sup>4</sup> SIRUNYAN	21AF	CMS	LLP search via displaced jets
<	0.07	95	<sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN	210	CMS	LLP search via displaced jets
			<sup>6</sup> TUMASYAN	21	CMS	LLP endcap muon detector
			7 <sub>AAD</sub>	<b>20</b> D	ATLS	searches $pp \rightarrow \text{LLPs}$ at 13 TeV
			<sup>8</sup> AAD	20J	ATLS	scalar boson decay to LLPs
			<sup>9</sup> AAD	20M	ATLS	LLP top squark decay to $\mu$
			<sup>10</sup> AAD	<b>20</b> P	ATLS	LLP dark photon search
			<sup>11</sup> AAIJ	20AL	LHCB	pp dimuon resonance
			<sup>12</sup> BALL	20 LLP m		LLP milli-charged particles at LHC
			<sup>13</sup> AABOUD	19AE	ATLS	pp at 13 TeV
			<sup>14</sup> AABOUD	19ak	ATLS	$pp \rightarrow \Phi \rightarrow ZZ_d$
			<sup>15</sup> AABOUD	<b>19</b> AN	1ATLS	Ŭ I
			<sup>16</sup> AABOUD	<b>19</b> A0	ATLS	LLP via displaced jets
			<sup>17</sup> AABOUD		ATLS	heavy, charged LLPs
			<sup>18</sup> AABOUD		ATLS	LLP decay to $\mu^+\mu^-$
			<sup>19</sup> SIRUNYAN	<b>19</b> BH	CMS	LLP via displaced jets
			<sup>20</sup> SIRUNYAN	-	CMS	LLP via displaced jets+MET
			<sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN		CMS	$LLP  o \ \gamma \ search$
			<sup>22</sup> SIRUNYAN	19Q	CMS	$p p \rightarrow j + \text{displaced dark quark}$ jet
			<sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN	18AW	/CMS	Long-lived particle search
			<sup>24</sup> AAIJ		LHCB	$H \rightarrow XX$ LLPs
			<sup>25</sup> KHACHATRY.	<b>16</b> BW	/CMS	direct production: HSCPs
< 20	000	90	<sup>26</sup> BADIER	86	BDMP	$ au = (0.05 – 1.) \times 10^{-8}$ s

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  AAD 21AL reports on ATLAS search for long-lived charged particles with 139 fb $^{-1}$  at 13 TeV. No signal observed. Limits placed in lifetime vs. mass plane: e.g. for  $\tau(\text{LLP})$   $\sim~0.1$  ns, m(selectron) > 720 GeV.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  AAD 21BA search for long-lived particles from ZH production ( $H\to b\,\overline{b}$ ) with 2 displaced vertices in 139 fb $^{-1}$  of data at 13 TeV. No signal detected. Limits placed in branching fraction vs. lifetime plane.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> AAIJ 21V search for  $pp \to \text{LLP} + \text{LLP}$  with LLP $\to e\mu\nu$  in the lifetime range between 2 and 50 ps at LHCb with 5.4 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 13 TeV. No signal observed. Limits placed in LLP cross section vs. mass or lifetime plane for m(LLP)  $\sim$  7 to 50 GeV.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  SIRUNYAN 21AF search for LLPs at CMS via jets with 2 displaced vertices in 140 fb $^{-1}$  of data at 13 TeV. No signal observed. Limits placed for RPV SUSY models in which a long-lived neutralino or gluino decays into a multijet final state with top, bottom, and strange quarks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> SIRUNYAN 21U search for long-lived particles (LLPs) via displaced jets at CMS with LHC13 and 132 fb<sup>-1</sup>. No signal detected. Limits placed on simplified model production of LLP  $X \to q \overline{q}$  with  $\sigma < 0.07$  fb for m(X) > 500 GeV and c $\tau \sim 2$  to 250 mm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> TUMASYAN 21 search for long-lived particles in CMS muon endcap detector in 137 fb<sup>-1</sup> of data at 13 TeV. No signal detected. Limits are placed depending on the branching fraction of Higgs boson to LLP decaying to dd, bb, and  $\tau^+\tau^-$ , depending on proper decay length, and LLP masses.

- <sup>7</sup> AAD 20D search for opposite-sign dileptons originating from long-lived particles in pp collisions at 13 Tev with 32.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>; limits placed in squark cross section vs.  $c\tau$  plane for RPV SUSY.
- <sup>8</sup> AAD 20J search for scalar boson decay to two long-lived particles; no signal; limits placed in BF vs  $c\tau$  plane for various mass hypotheses. This search is also combined with other ATLAS displaced-jet searches.
- $^9$ AAD 20M search for long-lived top-squarks decay to  $\mu$  and hadrons; no signal; limits placed in cross section vs. mass and mass vs. lifetime planes .
- $^{10}$  AAD 20P search for long-lived dark photons produced from the decay of a scalar boson, with each dark photon decaying into displaced collimated leptons or light hadrons at 13 TeV with 36 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal; limits placed in  $\sigma$  · BF vs.  $c\tau$  and other planes.
- $^{11}$  AAIJ 20AL search for long-lived  $X\to \mu^+\mu^-$  decays in 5.1 fb $^{-1}$  of LHCb data at 13 TeV; no signal; limits placed on m(X) up to 3 GeV depending on kinetic mixing.
- <sup>12</sup> BALL 20 search for long-lived milli-charged particles produced at LHC; limits placed in charge vs. mass plane (Fig. 8).
- $^{13}$  AABOUD 19AE search for long-lived particles via displaced jets using  $10.8~{\rm fb^{-1}}$  or  $33.0~{\rm fb^{-1}}$  data (depending on a trigger) at 13 TeV; no signal found and limits set in branching ratio vs. decay length plane.
- <sup>14</sup> AABOUD 19AK searches for long-lived particle  $Z_d$  via  $pp \to \Phi \to ZZ_d$  at 13 TeV with 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal found and limits set in  $\sigma \times$ BR vs. lifetime plane for simplified model.
- $^{15}$  AABOUD 19AM search for Drell-Yan (DY) production of long-lived multi-charge particles at 13 TeV with 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of data; no signal found and exclude 50 GeV < m(LLMCP) < 980–1220 GeV for electric charge |q| = (2-7)e.
- $^{16}$  AABOUD 19AO search for neutral long-lived particles producing displaced jets at 13 TeV with 36.1 fb $^{-1}$  of data; no signal found and exclude regions of  $\sigma \cdot \text{BR}$  vs. lifetime plane for various models.
- <sup>17</sup> AABOUD 19AT search for heavy, charged long-lived particles at 13 TeV with 36.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal found and upper limits set on masses of various hypothetical particles.
- <sup>18</sup> AABOUD 19G search for long-lived particle with decay to  $\mu^+\mu^-$  at 13 TeV with 32.9 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal found and limits set in combinations of lifetime, mass and coupling planes for various simplified models.
- $^{19}$  SIRUNYAN 19BH search for long-lived SUSY particles via displaced jets at 13 TeV with 35.9 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal found and limits placed in mass vs lifetime plane for various hypothetical models.
- $^{20}$  SIRUNYAN 19BT search for displaced jet(s)+ $E_T$  at 13 TeV with 137 fb $^{-1}$ ; no signal found and limits placed in mass vs lifetime plane for gauge mediated SUSY breaking models.
- <sup>21</sup> SIRUNYAN 19CA search for gluino/squark decay to long-lived neutralino, decay to  $\gamma$  in GMSB; no signal, limits placed in m( $\chi$ ) vs. lifetime plane for SPS8 GMSB benchmark point .
- <sup>22</sup> SIRUNYAN 19Q search for  $pp \to j$  + displaced jet via dark quark with 13 TeV at 16.1 fb<sup>-1</sup>; no signal found and limits set in mass vs lifetime plane for dark quark/dark pion model.
- <sup>23</sup> SIRUNYAN 18AW search for very long lived particles (LLPs) decaying hadronically or to  $\mu \overline{\mu}$  in CMS detector; none seen/limits set on lifetime vs. cross section.
- <sup>24</sup> AAIJ 16AR search for long lived particles from  $H \to XX$  with displaced X decay vertex using 0.62 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 7 TeV; limits set in Fig. 7.
- <sup>25</sup> KHACHATRYAN 16BW search for heavy stable charged particles via ToF with 2.5 fb<sup>-1</sup> at 13 TeV; require stable m(gluinoball) > 1610 GeV.
- <sup>26</sup> BADIER 86 looked for long-lived particles at 300 GeV  $\pi^-$  beam dump. The limit applies for nonstrongly interacting neutral or charged particles with mass >2 GeV. The limit applies for particle modes,  $\mu^+\pi^-$ ,  $\mu^+\mu^-$ ,  $\pi^+\pi^-$ X,  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm$  etc. See their figure 5 for the contours of limits in the mass- $\tau$  plane for each mode.

#### Long-Lived Heavy Particle Cross Section

VALUE (pb/sr)	CL%	DOCUMENT	ΓID	TECN	COMMENT
ullet $ullet$ We do not	use the follo	wing data for	averages,	fits, limit	s, etc. • • •
<34	95	$^{ m 1}$ RAM	94	SPEC	1015< $m_{\chi^{++}}$ <1085 MeV
<75	95	$^{ m 1}$ RAM			$920 < m_{\chi^{++}} < 1025 \text{ MeV}$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> RAM 94 search for a long-lived doubly-charged fermion  $X^{++}$  with mass between  $m_N$  and  $m_N + m_\pi$  and baryon number +1 in the reaction  $p\,p \to X^{++}\,n$ . No candidate is found. The limit is for the cross section at  $15^\circ$  scattering angle at 460 MeV incident energy and applies for  $\tau(X^{++}) \gg 0.1\,\mu s$ .

#### LIMITS ON CHARGED PARTICLES IN COSMIC RAYS

#### Heavy Particle Flux in Cosmic Rays

•				•			
VALUE (cm	$-2_{sr}-1_{s}-1_{)}$	CL% E	VTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We	do not use	the follo	owing	data for averages, f	its, lin	nits, etc.	• • •
				$^{ m 1}$ ALVIS	18	MAJD	Fractionally charged
< 1	$\times 10^{-8}$	90		<sup>2</sup> AGNESE	15	CDM2	Q = 1/6
$\sim$ 6	$\times 10^{-9}$		2	<sup>3</sup> SAITO	90		$Q \simeq 14$ , $m \simeq$
							370 <i>m</i> <sub>p</sub>
< 1.4	$\times 10^{-12}$	90	0	<sup>4</sup> MINCER	85	CALO	$m \geq 1  {\sf TeV}$
				<sup>5</sup> SAKUYAMA	<b>83</b> B	PLAS	$m\sim~1~{\sf TeV}$
< 1.7	$\times 10^{-11}$	99	0	<sup>6</sup> BHAT	82	CC	
< 1.	$\times 10^{-9}$	90	0	<sup>7</sup> MARINI	82	CNTR	$Q=1$ , $m\sim 4.5 m_p$
2.	$\times 10^{-9}$		3	<sup>8</sup> YOCK	81		$Q=1, m\sim 4.5m_p$
			3	<sup>8</sup> YOCK	81		Fractionally charged
3.0	$\times 10^{-9}$		3	<sup>9</sup> YOCK	80	SPRK	$m \sim 4.5 m_p$
$(4 \pm 1)$	$) \times 10^{-11}$		3	GOODMAN	79	ELEC	$m \geq 5 \text{ GeV}$
< 1.3	$\times 10^{-9}$	90		<sup>10</sup> внат	78	CNTR	m>1 GeV
< 1.0	$\times 10^{-9}$		0	BRIATORE	76	ELEC	
< 7.	$\times 10^{-10}$	90	0	YOCK	75	ELEC	Q > 7e or $< -7e$
> 6.	$\times 10^{-9}$		5	<sup>11</sup> YOCK	74	CNTR	m>6 GeV
< 3.0	$\times 10^{-8}$		0	DARDO	72	CNTR	
< 1.5	$\times 10^{-9}$		0	TONWAR	72	CNTR	m >10 GeV
< 3.0	$\times 10^{-10}$		0	BJORNBOE	68	CNTR	m>5 GeV
< 5.0	$\times 10^{-11}$	90	0	JONES	67	ELEC	<i>m</i> =5–15 GeV
4							

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  ALVIS 18 search for fractional charged flux of cosmic matter at Majorana demonstrator; no signal observed and limits are set on the flux of lightly ionizing particles for charge as low as e/1000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See AGNESE 15 Fig. 6 for limits extending down to Q = 1/200.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  SAITO 90 candidates carry about 450 MeV/nucleon. Cannot be accounted for by conventional backgrounds. Consistent with strange quark matter hypothesis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> MINCER 85 is high statistics study of calorimeter signals delayed by 20–200 ns. Calibration with AGS beam shows they can be accounted for by rare fluctuations in signals from low-energy hadrons in the shower. Claim that previous delayed signals including BJORNBOE 68, DARDO 72, BHAT 82, SAKUYAMA 83B below may be due to this fake effect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> SAKUYAMA 83B analyzed 6000 extended air shower events. Increase of delayed particles and change of lateral distribution above 10<sup>17</sup> eV may indicate production of very heavy parent at top of atmosphere.

- $^6$  BHAT 82 observed 12 events with delay  $> 2. \times 10^{-8}$  s and with more than 40 particles. 1 eV has good hadron shower. However all events are delayed in only one of two detectors in cloud chamber, and could not be due to strongly interacting massive particle.
- <sup>7</sup> MARINI 82 applied PEP-counter for TOF. Above limit is for velocity = 0.54 of light. Limit is inconsistent with YOCK 80 YOCK 81 events if isotropic dependence on zenith angle is assumed.
- $^8$  YOCK 81 saw another 3 events with  $Q=\pm 1$  and m about  $4.5m_p$  as well as 2 events with  $m>>5.3m_p,~Q=\pm 0.75\pm 0.05$  and  $m>2.8m_p,~Q=\pm 0.70\pm 0.05$  and 1 event with  $m=(9.3\pm 3.)m_p,~Q=\pm 0.89\pm 0.06$  as possible heavy candidates.
- <sup>9</sup> YOCK 80 events are with charge exactly or approximately equal to unity.
- $^{10}$  BHAT 78 is at Kolar gold fields. Limit is for  $au > 10^{-6}$  s.
- <sup>11</sup> YOCK 74 events could be tritons.

#### Superheavy Particle (Quark Matter) Flux in Cosmic Rays

VALUE					
$(cm^{-2}sr^{-1}s^{-1})$	CL%	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not	use the	following data for a	verage	es, fits, li	imits, etc. • • •
		<sup>1</sup> ADRIANI	15	PMLA	$4 < m < 1.2 \times 10^5 \ m_p$
$< 5 \times 10^{-16}$	90	<sup>2</sup> AMBROSIO	<b>00</b> B	MCRO	$m>5 imes10^{14}~{ m GeV}$
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-12}$	90	<sup>3</sup> ASTONE	93		$m \geq 1.5  imes 10^{-13}$ gram
$< 1.1 \times 10^{-14}$	90	<sup>4</sup> AHLEN	92		$10^{-10} < m < 0.1 \text{ gram}$
$< 2.2 \times 10^{-14}$	90	<sup>5</sup> NAKAMURA	91	_	$m > 10^{11} \text{ GeV}$
$<$ 6.4 $\times$ 10 <sup>-16</sup>	90	<sup>6</sup> ORITO	91	PLAS	$m > 10^{12} \text{ GeV}$
$< 2.0 \times 10^{-11}$	90	<sup>7</sup> LIU	88		$m > 1.5 \times 10^{-13} \text{ gram}$
$< 4.7 \times 10^{-12}$	90	<sup>8</sup> BARISH	87		$1.4 \times 10^8 < m < 10^{12} \text{ GeV}$
$< 3.2 \times 10^{-11}$	90	<sup>9</sup> NAKAMURA	85		$m > 1.5 \times 10^{-13}$ gram
$< 3.5 \times 10^{-11}$	90	<sup>10</sup> ULLMAN	81		Planck-mass 10 <sup>19</sup> GeV
$< 7. \times 10^{-11}$	90	<sup>10</sup> ULLMAN	81	CNTR	$m \leq 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$

- <sup>1</sup> ADRIANI 15 search for relatively light quark matter with charge Z=1–8. See their Figs. 2 and 3 for flux upper limits.
- $^2$  AMBROSIO 00B searched for quark matter ("nuclearites") in the velocity range  $(10^{-5}\text{--}1)\,c.$  The listed limit is for  $2\times10^{-3}\,c.$
- <sup>3</sup> ASTONE 93 searched for quark matter ("nuclearites") in the velocity range  $(10^{-3}-1)$  c. Their Table 1 gives a compilation of searches for nuclearites.
- <sup>4</sup> AHLEN 92 searched for quark matter ("nuclearites"). The bound applies to velocity  $< 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$  c. See their Fig. 3 for other velocity/c and heavier mass range.
- <sup>5</sup> NAKAMURA 91 searched for quark matter in the velocity range  $(4 \times 10^{-5} 1) c$ .
- $^6$  ORITO 91 searched for quark matter. The limit is for the velocity range  $(10^{-4}-10^{-3})$  c.
- <sup>7</sup> LIU 88 searched for quark matter ("nuclearites") in the velocity range  $(2.5 \times 10^{-3} 1)c$ . A less stringent limit of  $5.8 \times 10^{-11}$  applies for  $(1-2.5) \times 10^{-3}c$ .
- <sup>8</sup> BARISH 87 searched for quark matter ("nuclearites") in the velocity range (2.7  $\times$  10<sup>-4</sup>–5  $\times$  10<sup>-3</sup>)c.
- <sup>9</sup> NAKAMURA 85 at KEK searched for quark-matter. These might be lumps of strange quark matter with roughly equal numbers of u, d, s quarks. These lumps or nuclearites were assumed to have velocity of  $(10^{-4}-10^{-3}) c$ .
- $^{10}$  ULLMAN 81 is sensitive for heavy slow singly charge particle reaching earth with vertical velocity 100–350 km/s.

#### Highly Ionizing Particle Flux

$\frac{VALUE}{(m^{-2}yr^{-1})}$	CL% E	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
ullet $ullet$ We do not use	the follo	wing data	a for averages, fit	s, limits, etc.	• • •
< 0.4	95	0	KINOSHITA	81B PLAS	Z/eta 30–100

#### SEARCHES FOR BLACK HOLE PRODUCTION

**TFCN** 

COMMENT

DOCUMENT ID

VALUL	DOCOMENT ID	CN COMMENT
• • • We do not use the	following data for averages, fit	ts, limits, etc. • • •
not seen	1 AABOUD       16P AT         2 AAD       15AN AT         3 AAD       14A AT         4 AAD       14AL AT         5 AAD       14C AT         6 AAD       13D AT	TLS 13 TeV $pp \rightarrow e\mu, e\tau, \mu\tau$ TLS 8 TeV $pp \rightarrow$ multijets TLS 8 TeV $pp \rightarrow \gamma$ + jet TLS 8 TeV $pp \rightarrow \ell$ + jet TLS 8 TeV $pp \rightarrow \ell$ + ( $\ell$ or jets) TLS 7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets
	<sup>9</sup> AAD 12AK AT <sup>10</sup> CHATRCHYAN 12W CM	MS 7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets MS 8 TeV $pp \rightarrow$ multijets TLS 7 TeV $pp \rightarrow \ell + (\ell \text{ or jets})$ MS 7 TeV $pp \rightarrow$ multijets TLS 7 TeV $pp \rightarrow 2$ jets

 $^{1}$  AABOUD 16P set limits on quantum BH production in n=6 ADD or n=1 RS models.  $^2$  AAD 15AN search for black hole or string ball formation followed by its decay to multijet

final states, in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=8$  TeV with L=20.3 fb $^{-1}$ . See their Figs. 6–8

VALUE

- $^3$  AAD 14A search for quantum black hole formation followed by its decay to a  $\gamma$  and a jet, in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=8$  TeV with L=20 fb $^{-1}$ . See their Fig. 3 for limits.
- $^4$  AAD 14AL search for quantum black hole formation followed by its decay to a lepton and a jet, in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=8$  TeV with L=20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>. See their Fig. 2 for limits.
- <sup>5</sup> AAD 14C search for microscopic (semiclassical) black hole formation followed by its decay to final states with a lepton and  $\geq 2$  (leptons or jets), in pp collisions at  $E_{\mathsf{cm}} = 8 \; \mathsf{TeV}$ with  $L = 20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . See their Figures 8–11, Tables 7, 8 for limits.
- $^6\,\mathrm{AAD}$  13D search for quantum black hole formation followed by its decay to two jets, in pp collisions at  $E_{cm} = 7$  TeV with L = 4.8 fb<sup>-1</sup>. See their Fig. 8 and Table 3 for
- <sup>7</sup>CHATRCHYAN 13A search for quantum black hole formation followed by its decay to two jets, in pp collisions at  $E_{cm} = 7$  TeV with L = 5 fb<sup>-1</sup>. See their Figs. 5 and 6 for
- $^{
  m 8}$  CHATRCHYAN 13AD search for microscopic (semiclassical) black hole formation followed by its evapolation to multiparticle final states, in multijet (including  $\gamma$ ,  $\ell$ ) events in ppcollisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=8$  TeV with L=12 fb $^{-1}$ . See their Figs. 5–7 for limits.
- $^9$  AAD 12AK search for microscopic (semiclassical) black hole formation followed by its decay to final states with a lepton and  $\geq 2$  (leptons or jets), in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}$ = 7 TeV with  $L=1.04~{\rm fb}^{-1}$ . See their Fig. 4 and 5 for limits.
- $^{
  m 10}$  CHATRCHYAN 12W search for microscopic (semiclassical) black hole formation followed by its evapolation to multiparticle final states, in multijet (including  $\gamma$ ,  $\ell$ ) events in ppcollisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L=4.7 fb $^{-1}$ . See their Figs. 5–8 for limits.
- $^{11}$  AAD  $^{11}$ AG search for quantum black hole formation followed by its decay to two jets, in pp collisions at  $E_{\rm cm}=7$  TeV with L = 36 pb $^{-1}$ . See their Fig. 11 and Table 4 for limits.

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CHATRCHYAN		JHEP 1106 026	S. Chatychyan et al.	(CMS Collab.)
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AAD	10 10 A E	PRL 105 161801	G. Aad <i>et al.</i> T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(ATLAS Collab.)
AALTONEN	IUAL	PR D82 052005	i. Aditulieli et al.	(CDF Collab.)

KHACHATRY	. 10	PRL 105 211801	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
Also		PRL 106 029902	V. Khachatryan <i>et al.</i>	(CMS Collab.)
AALTONEN	NΩΔF	PR D80 011102	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09G	PR D79 052004	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
AALTONEN	09Z	PRL 103 021802	T. Aaltonen <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ABAZOV	09M	PRL 102 161802	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
AKTAS	04C	EPJ C36 413	A. Atkas <i>et al.</i>	(H1 Collab.)
JAVORSEK	02	PR D65 072003	D. Javorsek II et al.	,
JAVORSEK	01	PR D64 012005	D. Javorsek II <i>et al.</i>	
JAVORSEK	01B	PRL 87 231804	D. Javorsek II <i>et al.</i>	(0544 5 44 )
ABBIENDI	00D	EPJ C13 197	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AMBROSIO	00B	EPJ C13 453	M. Ambrosio et al.	(MACRO Collab.)
ABE	99F	PRL 82 2038	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	98P	PL B433 195	K. Ackerstaff et al.	(OPAL Collab.)
ABE	97G	PR D55 5263	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	
				(CDF Collab.)
ABREU	97D	PL B396 315	P. Abreu et al.	(DELPHI Collab.)
ACKERSTAFF	97B	PL B391 210	K. Ackerstaff et al.	(OPAL Collab.)
ADAMS	97B	PRL 79 4083	J. Adams <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL KTeV Collab.)
BARATE	97K	PL B405 379	R. Barate et al.	` (ALEPH Collab.)
AKERS	95R	ZPHY C67 203	R. Akers et al.	(OPAL Collab.)
GALLAS	95	PR D52 6	E. Gallas <i>et al.</i>	(MSU, FNAL, MIT, FLOR)
RAM	94	PR D49 3120	S. Ram <i>et al.</i>	(TELA, TRIU)
ABE	93G	PRL 71 2542	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	(CDF Collab.)
ASTONE	93	PR D47 4770	P. Astone <i>et al.</i>	(ROMA, ROMAI, CATA, FRAS)
BUSKULIC	93C	PL B303 198	D. Buskulic et al.	` (ALEPH Collab.)
YAMAGATA	93	PR D47 1231	T. Yamagata, Y. Takamo	`
ABE	92J	PR D46 1889	F. Abe <i>et al.</i>	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				(CDF Collab.)
AHLEN	92	PRL 69 1860	S.P. Ahlen et al.	(MACRO Collab.)
VERKERK	92	PRL 68 1116	P. Verkerk <i>et al.</i>	(ENSP, SACL, PAST)
AKESSON	91	ZPHY C52 219	T. Akesson <i>et al.</i>	(HELIOS Collab.)
NAKAMURA	91	PL B263 529	S. Nakamura <i>et al.</i>	,
ORITO	91	PRL 66 1951	S. Orito et al.	(ICEPP, WASCR, NIHO, ICRR)
ADACHI	90C	PL B244 352	I. Adachi <i>et al.</i>	
				(TOPAZ Collab.)
ADACHI	90E	PL B249 336	I. Adachi <i>et al.</i>	(TOPAZ Collab.)
AKRAWY	90O	PL B252 290	M.Z. Akrawy <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
HEMMICK	90	PR D41 2074	T.K. Hemmick et al.	(ROCH, MICH, OHIO+)
SAITO	90	PRL 65 2094	T. Saito et al.	(ICRR, KOBE)
NAKAMURA	89	PR D39 1261	T.T. Nakamura <i>et al.</i>	(KYOT, TMTC)
NORMAN	89	PR D39 2499	E.B. Norman et al.	(LBL)
BERNSTEIN	88	PR D37 3103	R.M. Bernstein <i>et al.</i>	(STAN, WISC)
LIU	88	PRL 61 271	G. Liu, B. Barish	
BARISH	87	PR D36 2641	B.C. Barish, G. Liu, C. I	Lane (CIT)
NORMAN	87	PRL 58 1403	E.B. Norman, S.B. Gazes	
BADIER	86	ZPHY C31 21	J. Badier <i>et al.</i>	(NA3 Collab.)
MINCER	85	PR D32 541	A. Mincer et al.	(UMD, GMAS, NSF)
NAKAMURA	85	PL 161B 417	K. Nakamura <i>et al.</i>	(KEK, INUS)
THRON	85	PR D31 451	J.L. Thron <i>et al.</i>	(YALE, FNAL, IOWA)
SAKUYAMA	83B	LNC 37 17	H. Sakuyama, N. Suzuki	(MEIS)
Also		LNC 36 389	H. Sakuyama, K. Watana	abe (MEIS)
Also		NC 78A 147	H. Sakuyama, K. Watana	abe (MEIS)
Also		NC 6C 371	H. Sakuyama, K. Watana	
	00			` ,
BHAT	82	PR D25 2820	P.N. Bhat et al.	(TATA)
KINOSHITA	82	PRL 48 77	K. Kinoshita, P.B. Price,	
MARINI	82	PR D26 1777	A. Marini <i>et al.</i>	(FRAS, LBL, NWES, STAN+)
SMITH	82B	NP B206 333	P.F. Smith et al.	(RAL)
KINOSHITA	81B	PR D24 1707	K. Kinoshita, P.B. Price	(ÙCB)
LOSECCO	81	PL 102B 209	J.M. LoSecco <i>et al.</i>	(MICH, PENN, BNL)
				`
ULLMAN	81	PRL 47 289	J.D. Ullman	(LEHM, BNL)
YOCK	81	PR D23 1207	P.C.M. Yock	(AUCK)
BARTEL	80	ZPHY C6 295	W. Bartel <i>et al.</i>	(JADE Collab.)
BUSSIERE	80	NP B174 1	A. Bussiere et al.	(BGNA, SACL, LAPP)
YOCK	80	PR D22 61	P.C.M. Yock	(AUCK)
ARMITAGE	79	NP B150 87	J.C.M. Armitage <i>et al.</i>	(CERN, DARE, FOM+)
			_	
BOZZOLI	79 70	NP B159 363	W. Bozzoli <i>et al.</i>	(BGNA, LAPP, SACL+)
GOODMAN	79	PR D19 2572	J.A. Goodman <i>et al.</i>	(UMD)
SMITH	79	NP B149 525	P.F. Smith, J.R.J. Benne	` '
BHAT	78	PRAM 10 115	P.N. Bhat, P.V. Ramana	Murthy (TATA)
CARROLL	78	PRL 41 777	A.S. Carroll et al.	(BNL,`PRIN)
CUTTS	78	PRL 41 363	D. Cutts et al.	(BROW, FNAL, ILL, BARI+)
VIDAL	78	PL 77B 344	R.A. Vidal et al.	(COLU, FNAL, STON+)
	. 5	. =2 3		(3323,, 31314)

ALEKSEEV	76	SJNP 22 531	G.D. Alekseev et al.	(JINR)
ALEKSEEV	76B	Translated from YAF 22 SJNP 23 633 Translated from YAF 23	G.D. Alekseev et al.	(JINR)
BALDIN	76	SJNP 22 264	B.Y. Baldin et al.	(JINR)
BRIATORE GUSTAFSON ALBROW FRANKEL JOVANOV YOCK APPEL FRANKEL YOCK ALPER LEIPUNER	76 76 75 75 75 75 74 74 74 73 73	Translated from YAF 22 NC 31A 553 PRL 37 474 NP B97 189 PR D12 2561 PL 56B 105 NP B86 216 PRL 32 428 PR D9 1932 NP B76 175 PL 46B 265 PRL 31 1226	L. Briatore et al. H.R. Gustafson et al. M.G. Albrow et al. S. Frankel et al. J.V. Jovanovich et al. P.C.M. Yock J.A. Appel et al. S. Frankel et al. P.C.M. Yock B. Alper et al. L.B. Leipuner et al.	(LCGT, FRAS, FREIB) (MICH) (CERN, DARE, FOM+) (PENN, FNAL) (MANI, AACH, CERN+) (AUCK, SLAC) (COLU, FNAL) (PENN, FNAL) (AUCK) (CERN, LIVP, LUND, BOHR+) (BNL, YALE)
DARDO TONWAR ANTIPOV ANTIPOV BINON BJORNBOE JONES DORFAN	72 72 71B 71C 69 68 67 65	NC 9A 319 JP A5 569 NP B31 235 PL 34B 164 PL 30B 510 NC B53 241 PR 164 1584 PRL 14 999	M. Dardo et al. S.C. Tonwar, S. Naranan Y.M. Antipov et al. Y.M. Antipov et al. F.G. Binon et al. J. Bjornboe et al. L.W. Jones (MIC D.E. Dorfan et al.	(TORI) (TATA) (SERP) (SERP) (SERP) (SERP) (BOHR, TATA, BERN+) H, WISC, LBL, UCLA, MINN+) (COLU)