

# $\Xi_c(2970)$

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+) \text{ Status: } ***$$

was  $\Xi_c(2980)$

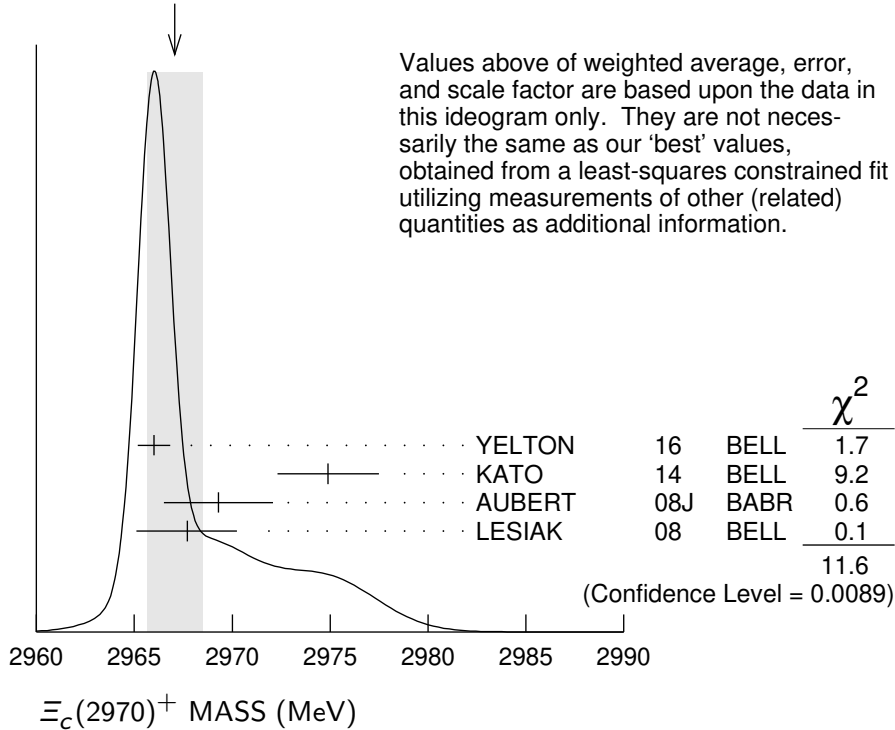
$J^P = 1/2^+$  is favored by MOON 21.

## $\Xi_c(2970)$ MASSES

### $\Xi_c(2970)^+$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2964.3±1.5 OUR FIT</b>	Error includes scale factor of 3.9.			
<b>2967.1±1.4 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 2.0. See the ideogram below.			
2966.0±0.8±0.2	0.9k	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$ and continuum
2974.9±1.5±2.1	244 ± 39	KATO	14 BELL	$e^+e^- \Upsilon(1S)$ to $\Upsilon(5S)$
2969.3±2.2±1.7	756 ± 206	AUBERT	08J BABR	$e^+e^- \approx 10.58 \text{ GeV}$
2967.7±2.3 <sup>+1.1</sup> <sub>-1.2</sub>	78 ± 13	LESIK	08 BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2978.5±2.1±2.0	405 ± 51	CHISTOV	06 BELL	See KATO 14

WEIGHTED AVERAGE  
2967.1±1.4 (Error scaled by 2.0)



$\Xi_c(2970)^0$  MASS

The evidence is statistically weaker for this charge state.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2967.1 ± 1.7 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 6.7.
<b>2965.9 ± 2.2 OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 7.4.
2964.88 ± 0.26 ± 0.20	11.7k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	20X LHCB	$pp$ at 13 TeV
2970.8 ± 0.7 ± 0.2	1.4k	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S), \text{continuum}$
2972.9 ± 4.4 ± 1.6	67 ± 44	AUBERT	08J BABR	$e^+e^- \approx 10.58 \text{ GeV}$
2965.7 ± 2.4 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.1 \\ -1.2 \end{smallmatrix}$	57 ± 13	LESLIAK	08 BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
2977.1 ± 8.8 ± 3.5	42 ± 24	CHISTOV	06 BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

<sup>1</sup> AAIJ 20X reports  $2964.88 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.14 \text{ MeV}$  where the last uncertainty is due to the  $\Lambda_c^+$  mass. Further studies are required to establish whether the narrow resonance at 2965 MeV is a different baryon from the narrow resonance at 2970 MeV seen by YELTON 16.

 $\Xi_c(2970) - \Xi_c$  MASS DIFFERENCES $m_{\Xi_c(2970)^+} - m_{\Xi_c^+}$ 

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>496.6 ± 1.5 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 3.7.
<b>498.1 ± 0.8 ± 0.2</b>	916	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+e^-$ , $\Upsilon$ regions

 $m_{\Xi_c(2970)^0} - m_{\Xi_c^0}$ 

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>496.7 ± 1.8 OUR FIT</b>				Error includes scale factor of 5.3.
<b>499.9 ± 0.7 ± 0.2</b>	1.4k	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+e^-$ , $\Upsilon$ regions

 $\Xi_c(2970)^+ - \Xi_c(2970)^0$  MASS DIFFERENCE

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>-2.8 ± 1.9 OUR FIT</b>			Error includes scale factor of 4.8.
<b>-4.8 ± 0.1 ± 0.5</b>	YELTON	16 BELL	916 and 1443 evts

 $\Xi_c(2970)$  WIDTHS $\Xi_c(2970)^+$  WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>20.9 <math>\begin{smallmatrix} +2.4 \\ -3.5 \end{smallmatrix}</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
28.1 ± 2.4 $\begin{smallmatrix} +1.0 \\ -5.0 \end{smallmatrix}$	916	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+e^-$ , $\Upsilon$ regions
14.8 ± 2.5 ± 4.1	244 ± 39	KATO	14 BELL	$e^+e^- \Upsilon(1S) \text{ to } \Upsilon(5S)$
27 ± 8 ± 2	756 ± 206	AUBERT	08J BABR	$e^+e^- \approx 10.58 \text{ GeV}$
18 ± 6 ± 3	78 ± 13	LESLIAK	08 BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
43.5 ± 7.5 ± 7.0	405 ± 51	CHISTOV	06 BELL	See KATO 14

$\Xi_c(2970)^0$  WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$14.1 \pm 0.9 \pm 1.3$	11.7k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	20X LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV
$30.3 \pm 2.3^{+1.0}_{-1.8}$	1443	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+e^-$ , $\Upsilon$ regions

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

31 $\pm 7 \pm 8$	67 $\pm 44$	AUBERT	08J BABR	$e^+e^- \approx 10.58$ GeV
15 $\pm 6 \pm 3$	57 $\pm 13$	LESIAK	08 BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

<sup>1</sup> Further studies are required to establish whether the narrow resonance at 2965 MeV is a different baryon from the narrow resonance at 2970 MeV seen by YELTON 16.

 $\Xi_c(2970)$  DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )
$\Gamma_1 \Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi$	seen
$\Gamma_2 \Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K}$	seen
$\Gamma_3 \Lambda_c^+ \bar{K}$	not seen
$\Gamma_4 \Lambda_c^+ K^-$	seen
$\Gamma_5 \Xi_c 2\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_6 \Xi_c' \pi$	seen
$\Gamma_7 \Xi_c(2645) \pi$	seen

 $\Xi_c(2970)$  BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$			
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
seen	AUBERT	08J BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$	
seen	CHISTOV	06 BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$	

$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_4/\Gamma$			
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
seen	11.7k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	20X LHCb	$pp$ at 13 TeV

<sup>1</sup> Further studies are required to establish whether the narrow resonance at 2965 MeV is a different baryon from the narrow resonance at 2970 MeV seen by YELTON 16.

$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455) \bar{K})/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+ \bar{K} \pi)$	$\Gamma_2/\Gamma_1$			
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$0.55 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.13$	AUBERT	08J BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$	

$\Gamma(\Xi_c' \pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_6/\Gamma$			
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
seen	YELTON	16 BELL	$e^+e^-$ , $\Upsilon$ regions	

$\Gamma(\Xi_c(2645) \pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_7/\Gamma$			
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
seen	LESIAK	08 BELL	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$	

$\Gamma(\Xi_c' \pi) / \Gamma(\Xi_c(2645)\pi)$					$\Gamma_6 / \Gamma_7$
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$1.67 \pm 0.29 \pm_{-0.09}^{+0.15} \pm 0.25$	778	<sup>1</sup> MOON	21	BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(nS)$

<sup>1</sup> Measurement of the ratio of  $\Xi_c(2970)^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c(2645)^0 \pi^+$  versus  $\Xi_c(2970)^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c^0 \pi^+$ . The last uncertainty is from possible isospin-symmetry-breaking effects.

MOON 21 determines from an angular analysis of the  $\Xi_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$  final state that the spin of the  $\Xi_c(2970)^+$  is strongly compatible with  $J = 1/2$ , assuming domination by the lowest partial wave in  $\Xi_c(2970)^+ \rightarrow \Xi_c(2645)^0 \pi^+$ . When further combined with the size of this ratio, MOON 21 determines from heavy quark symmetry that the spin-parity of the  $\Xi_c(2970)^+$  is favored to be  $J^P = 1/2^+$ , with light degrees of freedom in the  $0^+$  state.

### $\Xi_c(2970)$ REFERENCES

MOON	21	PR D103 L111101	T.J. Moon <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.) JP
AAIJ	20X	PRL 124 222001	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
YELTON	16	PR D94 052011	J. Yelton <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
KATO	14	PR D89 052003	Y. Kato <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
AUBERT	08J	PR D77 012002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LESIK	08	PL B665 9	T. Lesiak <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
CHISTOV	06	PRL 97 162001	R. Chistov <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)